



Australian Government
AusAID



Islamic Republic of Afghanistan



Ministry of Mines

Final Progress Report

Sustainable Development of Natural Resources Project

(SDNRP II)

**Ayenak Copper Mines
Afghanistan Social Accountability Pilot Project in Mining Sector
(Aynak Replacement Communities)**



January 20, 2014



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ACRONYMES

AFISCO	Afghan Iron and Steel Construction
ALA	Afghanistan Land Authority
CDC	Community Development Committee
CPM	Community Participatory Monitoring
DAIL	Department of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock
GRC	Grievance Redress Committee
GRM	Grievance Redress Mechanism
IRC	International Rescue Committee
MAIL	Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock
MCC	Metallurgical Corporation of China
MoMP	Ministry of Mines and Petroleum
MRRD	Ministry of Rural Reconstruction & Development
NGO	Non-Governmental Organization
NSP	National Solidarity Program
PAFs	Project Affected Families
PAP	Project Affected People
PMU	Project Management Unit
RAP	Resettlement Action Plan
SAC	Social Audit Committee
SMC	School Management Committee
WB	World Bank

1. Background

1.1 Introduction

The Mining Sector though not developed but considered a potential source of revenue in Afghanistan. In 2008, mining rights at Aynak, a large-scale copper mine in Logar province, were awarded to a consortium led by MCC (China Metallurgical Group Corporation). In 2011, three blocks of mining rights at Hajigak, (a large iron-ore deposit), were negotiated to AFISCO (Afghan Iron and Steel Consortium), a consortium led by the Steel Authority of India (SAIL), and one block to Kilo Goldmines of Canada. Additionally, the oil deposits in Amu Darya and gas deposits in Sheberghan region are expected to start production within the next five years. The successful development of these two mines and the oil and gas blocks is projected to bring about considerable revenues. Aynak and Hajigak are estimated to contribute between US\$250 and US\$300 million per year with indirect benefits estimated at US\$700 million per year (excluding the income or consumption taxes paid by mine workers and suppliers)¹.

The Aynak copper project is the first major mining project in the country. MoMP had prepared a Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) in February 2012. And is working to relocate the Aynak affected communities about 7 villages (5 villages in the approved RAP) to a new resettlement site in As-hab Baba town about 10 KM from the Aynak mining site. The new resettlement site in Mohammad Agha district of Logar province comprises of 512 residential plots with provision of basic services. The implementation of services, which include; water supply network (house-holds connection), gravel street streets/ roads, drains, Masjid, schools (one for boys and one for girls, communal septic tank, and residential buildings is in progress.

The first RAP, which has been approved by the Afghan cabinet, includes a total of 117 project affected families in the first 5 villages, namely, Wali Baba, Kooz Chinarai, Bar Chinarai, Siso Tangai and Adam Killai, who are directly affected by the project either in terms of relocation or loss of agricultural land only or both. People are living in only 2 out of these five villages. Rests of the villages were abandoned long ago and people have migrated to Pakistan or other parts of the country.

The World Bank is not funding any part of the Aynak mining projects but provides Technical Assistance only to the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum (MoMP). The Ministry has however, committed to follow the WB Operational Policies for involuntary resettlement in its mining contract with MCC for the Aynak site. The MoM is striving hard to do so, and Aynak RAP is a pilot for MoMP (and the Afghan Government) in how to follow and document a legally guided land acquisition process and develop good practices in connection with resettlement. This pilot provides important lessons for future projects in the mining sector.

¹ Extract from the Terms of Reference of the contract agreement signed between IRC and the World Bank

In the above context services of consulting firm, IRC, a facilitating partner for NSP in Mohammad Agha district, had been engaged by the World Bank Group through South Asia Sustainable Development Unit (SASDS) to implement a Social Accountability Pilot in the Mining Sector to build awareness and capacity among the mining-affected communities in Aynak by setting up a social accountability mechanism, including grievance redress system and social audit.

1.2 Purposes of Social Accountability Pilot

The key objectives of the social accountability pilot in Aynak were:

- Establishing Community Development Council (CDC), which include separate male female CDCs, and social audit committee;
- Build awareness and capacity in social accountability in the mining affected communities in Aynak by setting up social accountability mechanisms, grievance redress mechanism (GRM) and social audit;
- Through targeted training and communication campaign, inform community members about their entitlements and compensation payment procedures (package, amount, and need for opening a bank account), housing safety standard, and hygiene and health care;
- Inform affected community about the grievance redress mechanism established by MoM, in particular, on its and access;
- Provide recommendations to MoMP on implementation of RAP;
- Facilitate and attend Aynak's Grievance Redress Committee meetings;

1.3 Social Accountability Pilot in Mining Sector in Aynak

IRC was engaged as a facilitating partner to work with the affected communities at Aynak for implementation of social accountability pilot project. IRC main tasks were to develop GRM training manual, Social Audit manual, conduct community mobilization and initiate the trainings on social accountability. IRC is currently a facilitating partner for NSP in Logar, and has a presence for long time in the province.

The contract on Social Accountability Pilot in Mining Sector in Aynak was signed in June 2012. The project was supposed to end on December 5, 2012; however, there was considerable delay with the start-up due to the discussion on the revised budget, and that Ministry of Mine wanted further consultations with the Consultants (Partners) on number of issues including the training manual. The actual implementation on the ground started from mid January 2013 after the modification to the contract was signed between the IRC and the World Bank. The modification extended the contract end date from Jul-2013 to end of Dec- 2013.

2. Overview of implemented Activities

This final progress report covers the period from 01 January to 31 December 2013.

The following sections provide an overview of all of the activities that form the Social Accountability pilot implementation process in mining sector in Aynak. These activities will be described with more detail as follow:

2.1. Summary of Completed Activities:

- Community Mobilization (establishing of male and female Community Development Council (CDC))
- Preparation of Training Manuals (Social Audit Manual & Grievance Redress manual)
- Social Accountability- Awareness Training
- Summary of Meetings (minutes of meeting)

2.2. Community Mobilization

The community mobilization process was started in early January 2013 and had covered only 62 affected families living in the two villages (Wali Kali & Koz Chinary). Because, other 55 affected families only have some abandoned and destroyed houses as people living there have migrated long time back to other part of the country or Pakistan. It is important to note that, a number of the families have recently been returned to Koz-Chinary and Bar-Chinary villages and requested IRC team to be included in social accountability process. However, IRC has instructed these families to contact Aynak Authority and other relevant government agency (such as local district office) to prove their identity through the Taskara or any other national/provincial identity proof. Some of the new comers about 5 families from Siso Tangi village have proved their identities and have been included in the process.

During the mobilization process, it was found that, MoMP had relocated the residents of Wali Kalai about 42 families in August 2010. The remaining 20 families living in Koz Chinarai are still residing there. These affected families from Wali Baba village are living in different locations (Daho, Qalai Shahi villages of Mohammad Agha district and, Musahi and Khak Jabar districts of Kabul province) with their relatives or in rented houses.

IRC staff has identified and contacted the affected families from Wali Kalai (36 families) and Koz-Chinary (20 families) and crosschecked their ID card/Taskara numbers with the list in the approved RAP's to ensure their identity. It is important to note that 6 families out of 42 families from Wali village have moved to Pakistan (refugee's camps) and were not included in the pilot. *See annex-1 below, list of the affected families from Wali Kalai.*

Likewise in Koz Chinary village, all 20 families are found to be present in the site. Please *see annex -2 list of the affected families from Koz Chinary.*

2.3 Facilitation of CDC Election Process

IRC has facilitated community mobilization process, where majority of the affected community members, both male and female participated in the election process to form CDC and as well as introducing their representatives to other committees such as GRC, social audit, and school management committees. Initially, the affected community introduced/appointed members of the Community Election Team (CET) to supervise election process. The CET members were trained by

IRC/project team prior to conducting CDC election, to organize/supervise election process in two villages, both for male and female.

At the beginning, the affected families in the two villages were divided into 5 clusters, approximately 10-13 families to a cluster (three clusters in Wali village and two clusters in Koz-Chinary). Subsequently, the cluster level democratic election process using secret ballot paper took place in both villages and about 82% of the eligible voters (both men and women) voted and elected their representatives at cluster level (one male and one female at each cluster). *See Annex 1(iii) list of eligible female voters of Wali baba. Annex 1(iv) list of male eligible voters of Wali baba. Annex 1(v) list of female eligible voters of Koz Chinari (cluster wis). Annex 1(vi) list of male eligible voters of Koz Chinari (cluster wais). Annex 1(vii) list of participants on project orientation. Annex 1(viii): list of eligible voters male (English version). Annex 1(x): list of eligible voters female (English version).* The elected clusters representatives then formed separate male and female CDC, called the executive board. See Annex 1(ix) list of elected committees members. Community has also nominated their representatives to the School Management Committee (SMC) and the Social Audit Committee (SAC), which also include female representatives.

2.2.1 Key steps for community mobilization in Aynak

- Orientation sessions on Aynak copper project and social accountability pilot in Aynak.
- Community Mobilization (female and male members).
- CDC formation and voting process (male and female) Aynak authority had also been participated in community election process.
- About 82% of the community members (male/female) participated in the CDC election.
- Community has identified/introduced their representatives to Social Audit (SAC) and School Management Committee (SMC).

2.2.2. Summary of Training conducted:

- Social audit training sessions about 122 participants;
- Hygiene promotion training sessions about 120 participants
- Grievance Redress Mechanism training about 119 participants
- Training on RAP packages, which had been conducted by Aynak Authority for about 119 participants
- GRM training session for 20 officials from MoMP;
- Stakeholder workshop.

- IRC has also facilitated grievance handling process and had participated in GRC meetings.

2.4 Social Audit committee

The social audit committee that consists of 3 male and 3 female members had been trained to monitor and audit delivery of basic services at resettlement site in As-Hab Baba town. The social audit committee responsibilities consisted, but not limited to the following tasks:

- Evaluate/assess delivery of basic services (e.g. quality and progress of water supply network, construction of schools, etc.) in As-Hab Baba resettlement site;
- Assess distribution of residential plots ;
- Assess implementation of overall RAP packages, including distribution of agriculture plots;
- Provide progress report to CDC and affected families;

During implementation period of social accountability pilot (from January 2013 to December 2013) the only ongoing infrastructure project that social audit committee monitored, was water supply network project. Because delivery of other basic services such as; construction of school, Masjid, drain and road graveling had already been completed. The social audit committee visited the relocated site in As-Hab Baba town and had monitored progress/quality of water supply network. The committee shared their findings with relevant agencies and community.

The social audit committee (SAC) had also requested the MoMP officials to involve them in distribution of residential plots. Indeed, the social audit committee argued that residential plots for each affected villages shall be distributed separately, because the affected families from each villages want to get plots near to their relatives.

MoMP has accepted their suggestion, and the residential plots to absentee families from Siso tangy villagers have been distributed in same location. However, distribution of plots to other families has not yet started. .

The social audit committee has made a number of complaints on implementation of RAP, particularly delivery of basic services. For further information, please see *Annex 4, Table 4.1 complaint #9 about basic infrastructure services, Table 4.2 complaint #9 about facilities at As-Hab Baba town and complaint #11 about residential plot distribution, which have been presented by social audit committee members.*

The social audit committee members have planned to monitor plots distribution process and will seek solution to their problems.

Grievance Redress committee:

The Grievance Redress Committee, which had been formed during RAP preparation, consists of:

- Member from Aynak authority as head of GRC.
- Representative of local district governor.
- Representative of provincial governor.
- Representative of CSO (presently IRC).
- Representative of social department of MoMP.
- Representative of PAFs CDC.
- Representative of MCC.
- Representative from ARAZI.

To date the GRC have conducted four meetings to address PAFs complaints. A total of 46 complaints submitted till date, of which 27 complaints addressed by the GRC committee. GRC has provided written responses to only 14 complaints out of 27, which have been addressed. Affected community has not accepted responses to the remaining 13 complaints, because; (i) the officials provided no written copies to the complainants, the responses were announced and (ii) there were no community participants attended the first GRC meeting, who handled these 13 complaints.

The affected community members have re-submitted these 13 complaints to GRC and sought fair solution. GRC discussed the 13 complaints in their 4th GRC meeting, and finally the GRC has decided to refer these complaints for final decision to Aynak Appeals Board.

For more detail, please see annex 4, Table 4.1 to 4.2 lists of complaints submitted till date and annex 5 complaints analysis sheet.

The main complaints are as District Governor (Mohammad Agha District), has pointed out that there are gaps in the current land management law, which has caused tension between community and officials. For example, the residents of Wali Baba villages (62 families) have title deed for 8 Jarib of land in the name of their grandfather. But they are not eligible for compensation for the additional land; despite they developed and used them for more than 35 years. In accordance with article 8 of land management law, the affected families are not eligible for compensation, because the additional land is located under government projects (See article 8²).

The GRC has no authority to solve this problem and it must to be referred to Aynak Appeals Board.

² (Article 8 of Land Management law): where the landowner is not in possession of a deed and the land possessed by him has not been registered in the State properties book, and other individuals did not make claim for the ownership of the land, and where the signs of agricultural construction have been observed on the land, and where the landowners holding lands having joint borders with his land confirmed the location under his possession for 35 years and where **it is not located under government project**, the same land of till 100 Jeribs shall be deemed his property on the basis of his possession as owner.

2.2.3. Summary of progress:

The following table provides summary of the activities including trainings conducted for PAPs, totally 124 people (54 male and 70 female) trained in 5 types of training:

Table 2.1 - summary of activities

S/ N	Activities		Wali Baba village (participants)		Koz Chinary village (participants)		Remarks
			Male	female	Male	Female	
1	Community Mobilization	Project orientation (participants were briefed about mining project and social accountability pilot in Aynak)	19	29	20	29	
2		Communities Mobilization (CDC formation)	36	29	20	29	See annex 1(i), and annex 1(ii)
3		CDC Election	36	48	21	33	See annex 1 (iii), 1 (iv), 1(v), 1(vi), 1(vii), 1(viii), 1(x)
4		Elected (CDC members)	3	3	2	2	See annex 1 (ix)
5		Election (CDC Executive Committee)	3	0	2	0	See Annex 1(ix)
6		Female CDC sub committee	0	3	0	2	
7		Identification of Social Audit committee	2	2	1	1	See Annex 1(ix)
8		Identification of School Management committee	2	2	1	1	See Annex 1(ix)
9	Trainings and Capacity building support.	Social Audit Training	33	42	21	26	Completed
10		Hygiene Promotion Training	33	40	19	28	Completed
11		Grievance Redress Mechanism	32	40	19	28	completed
12		GRM training for MoMP officials	20				completed

13		Training on RAP compensation package	32	40	19	28	Conducted by MoMP Aynak authority male and female officials
14		Technical training	28	40	19	28	
15		Stakeholder Workshop	55	5			The workshop has been conducted for MoMP, Governmental agencies, NGOs representatives and PAFs representatives. 60 people participated
16	Other facilitation	Facilitation of Grievance handling process and participation in GRC meetings					A total of 46 complaints have been submitted yet and the GRC have addressed only 27 of the complaints. See details in annex 4 tables 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4

3. Key Findings and Observations

The key findings and observations from the social accountability pilot project implemented by IRC (facilitating partner) are set out as follow:

- Through targeted training and communication campaign, the affected community members have been informed about compensation packages, including basic services at relocated site and agriculture plots, detailed in the approved RAP;
- The affected families in Aynak have learnt how to prepare and to whom they shall submit their grievances. Prior to initiation of social accountability pilot, the affected communities were expressing their angers/ complaints through protests and road blocking. Now the affected members seek responses to their complaints from Aynak GRC;
- As a result of community mobilization and motivation process, PAFs had agreed to allow female participation in all stages of the project and community decision making process. A separate female CDC has been formed, and female have also representatives in school management and social audit committee;
- IRC has observed that community trust and confidence in MoMP's grievance handling system increased;
- Aynak authority had supported social accountability pilot and were engaged in community mobilization and training process;

It is to be mentioned that RAP is prepared to cover all aspects of compensation in Aynak and if the RAP follows up accordingly it will have positive affects and will solve PAFs problems regarding compensation.

- **Residential plots distribution process:** MoMP has started distribution of residential plots to Siso Tangai (one of the five affected village at Aynak), who are all absentee families. MoMP has not yet distributed residential plot to other villagers, particularly the 62 families (present families) from Wali Baba and Koz Chianry. This has caused huge tension and the affected families from Wali Baba and Koz Chinaray had requested the official in stakeholder workshop to initiate plot distribution as soon as possible. Aynak authority had promised to start plot distribution soon. The residents from Wali Baba village have a complaint that the government should have started distribution of residential plots to the families from Wali village. The complainants from Wali village argue they are the first affected families, which had been relocated from their villages in Aynak site. But MoMP has distributed residential plots to the absentee families from Seso Tangi. And MoMP has made no consultation with the elected CDC members about plots distribution.

4. Results

- Under this pilot project in Aynak, the affected families have identified their representatives to Community Development Council (CDC) through Democratic election. There is now a joint CDC, and all the affected families are able to contribute to decisions and can participate in the

community level meetings. The CDC has also helped bringing the affected and governmental agencies closer.

- The CDC, which has been established under “social accountability pilot project in Aynak, has helped the affected communities to address their grievances in a proper way”. As a result of the pilot project, local trust and confidence in Aynak’s grievance handling system has been increased.
- MoMP is committed to adopt experiences from this pilot project in Aynak to other sites such as Hajigak, Amu Darya and etc”.
- PAFs have received information about compensation package, their rights and the facilities which will be prepared in new township.
- PAFs get experience on how to fill grievance and how and where to submit the form.
- The most important issue in this regard is that MoMP Aynak authority official got information regarding grievance and accepted that hearing PAFs grievance can help transparency and accountability.
- For continuation of GRC meetings, Aynak authority has committed to assign one of their staff members to facilitate grievance handling process.

5. Challenges and Suggestion

During the implementation we faced with some challenges as bellow:

- At the outset, PAFs were not ready to let women to be part of CDC, Social Audit committee and School Management Committee, but as a result of community mobilization and motivation they accepted to allow female members to participate in the social Accountability process.
- Prior to GRM training, PAFs also didn’t know how to prepare and lodge a complaint about the project and to whom they shall submit. But now they know the grievance redressal process and can easily share their complaints via CDCs with Aynak GRC.
- The absentee families have problem to prove their identity and Aynak authority has still to identify a contact/focal point in the district for absentee PAFs to prove their identity.
- Wali Baba villagers left their houses three years ago, but MoMP has still to begin distribution of residential plots to them.
- IRC has observed that the residents Bar Chinari and Koz Chinary are being working to build new houses in their original villages. Though, this issue has been brought to the attention of Aynak Authority and local district and provincial authority, but the relevant officials have made no action to stop illegal construction. The relevant official should have to inform these affected communities about cut of date as soon as possible.

6. Implication for institutionalization

During the project period the affected communities in Aynak had been mobilized/ assisted to establish a representative council or CDC to work with the relevant governmental agencies in implementation of RAP. The CDC is also responsible to help handling community complaints related to Aynak RAP implementation and to conduct social audit of basic services in relocated site in As-hab Baba town. The Aynak CDC acts as a facilitating partner for the relevant governmental agencies in implementation of RAP and addressing community complaints.

IRC has conducted/facilitated a number of training workshops for both, the affected community and relevant governmental agencies, to help them more effectively in implementation of RAP. List of the trainings, which have been conducted till date is as follow:

- Grievance Redress Mechanism trainings for PAPs,
- Social Audit trainings;
- GRM learning workshop for MoMP officials;
- GRM learning VC by Sanjay Agarwal for MoMP and IRC officials; and
- Stakeholder workshop in which PAPs, MoMP Aynak authority, other MoMP departments, Government Agencies and NGOs participated;

All mentioned workshops and awareness raising activities helped stakeholders to understand their responsibilities about PAP packages and implementation responsibilities.

The important stakeholders, as defined in RAP, have been identified and during above different workshops they have informed to carry out the bellow responsibilities:

- PAPs elected CDC: the CDC will participate in all GRC meeting to present PAPs complaints and concerns.
- Social audit committee: this committee will (i) take part in residential land plots distribution process to help PAPs to get plots near to their relatives.(ii) monitor infrastructure projects quality and share their feedbacks with responsible authority. (iii) Conduct PAPs quarterly social audit gathering/ meetings to discuss township related issues such as township sanitation, township residents conflicts and infrastructure projects safeguarding.
- School Management Committee: this committee will work to motivate residents for sending their children especially girls to school, also will monitor school teachers and students attendance, conduct teacher and parents meetings and contact to Education department for quality and education improvement.
- MoMP Aynak authority officials will help PAFs in resettlement process, residential plots distribution process, absent families' registration, conducting GRC meetings, and consultation for getting compensation.
- For easy facilitation of PAFs Grievance handling process MoMP will assign a focal point in the district level to collect, analyze and shear the compliance with GRC.
- MCC is responsible for compensation for land acquisition, infrastructural facilities in township, and job facilities for PAPs.
- Logar provincial Governor Office is responsible for consultation with affected families as well as in development of resettlement site, and technical monitoring of infrastructure projects.

- District Governor of Mohammad Agha district will support residential plots distribution process, absent families' registration, and payment of compensation to PAPs.
- Afghanistan Land Authority (ALA) is responsible to conduct land clearance and transformation of agriculture plots to the PAPs including land titles.
- Civil Society organization presently (IRC) which has implemented social accountability pilot project in Aynak will continue its participation in GRC meetings.
- Other governmental line departments such as Provincial Education Department, Provincial Health department, and district municipality will help PAPs in new relocated site in As Hab Baba town for delivering of basic services.

7. Recommendation

- Prompt responses to community complaints: there shall be speedy and written replies to community complaints. The approved RAP for Aynak, requires biweekly GRC meeting. See complaints #6, 12 and 13.
- The absentee families: Aynak authority to identify a contact/focal point in Mohammad Agha district for the absentee PAFs to prove their identity. It should be noted that there are a number of families returned to Aynak site claiming they are the absentee families. As per the approved RAP for Aynak, the absent families will be given compensation only after they prove their identity through an identity card, tazkara etc.
- Aynak authority and or PMU to assign one of their staff members as grievance handling focal point to facilitate GRC meetings and enter grievances into database.
- MoMP/ Aynak authority has to introduce Social Audit Committee to the contractors, who are responsible for implementation of infrastructure projects in As Hab Baba town to allow them conduct social audit of the ongoing projects.
- Social Audit Committee/CDC should also be allowed to conduct monitoring of residential plots distribution process.

Annex 1- list of affected people

The following lists include names of the affected families from Wali and Koz Chinary villages in Aynak copper site.

Annex 1 (i) List of the families -Wali Village

S.N O	Identity		Age	ID Number	Present Address	Marital Status	Remark
	Name ³	F/Name					
1	Gulzar	Khudai Nazar	38	1016103	Daho Village	Married	
2	Hussain Khan	Khudai Nazar	69	806975	Daho Village	Married	
3	Maira Jan	Gulzar	50	101604	Daho Village	Married	
4	Noor Jan	Gulzar	43	1016105	Daho Village	Married	
5	Jannat Gul	Gulzar	39	1016106	Daho Village	Married	
6	Hamisha Gul	Gulzar	37	1016107	Daho Village	Married	
7	Samar Gul	Gulzar	30	352656	Daho Village	Married	
8	Khan Mohammad	Gulzar	32	351384	Daho Village	Married	
9	Mohammad Nazeer	Mira Jan	25	591716	Daho Village	Married	
10	Mohammad Wazir	Mira Jan	24	244540	Daho Village	Married	
11	Abdul Salam	Mira Jan	21	244359	Daho Village	Married	
12	Shafiullah	Noor Jan	18	382469	Daho Village	Married	
13	Hijratullah	Noor Jan	18	352654	Daho Village	Married	
14	Zabiullah	Jannat Gul	18	809135	Daho Village	Married	
15	Hameedullah	Hamisha Gul	18	890281	Daho Village	Married	
16	Abdurahman	Hussain Khan	26	929967	Daho Village	Married	
17	Fazal urahman	Hussain Khan	22	897377	Daho Village	Married	
18	Sharaf Khan	Noor Alam	63	1023089	Qalai Shahi	Married	

³ The list includes names of head of the families with details and current address. It is essential to note that it is the man who is the head of the family.

19	Musjidi	Taj Mohammad	57	1016167	Qalai Shahi	Married	
20	Painda Gul	Musjidi	28	897359	Qalai Shahi	Married	
21	Raidi Gul	Musjidi	24	897361	Qalai Shahi	Married	
22	Mohammaduldin	Yar Mohammad	39	573881	Daho Village	Married	
23	Gul Mohammad	Yar Mohammad	21	897369	Daho Village	Married	
24	Dost Mohammad	Yar Mohammad	57	897367	Daho Village	Married	
25	Idrees	Dost Mohammad	19	897373	Daho Village	Married	
26	Khaliqdad	Guldad	36	1023100	Musahi	Married	
27	Abdul hanan	Guldad	35	602269	Musahi	Married	
28	Allah Dad	Guldad	28	573862	Musahi	Married	
29	Shahi Khan	Jan Mohammad	43	1023041	Pakistan	Married	
30	Arsala	Sher Khan	45	1016102	Pakistan	Married	
31	Noor Agha	Sher Khan	23	898950	Pakistan	Married	
32	Sardar	Zareef	41	1016129	Khak Jabar	Married	
33	Momin	Sardar	18	890854	Khak Jabar	Married	
34	Turab	Zareef	36	1016131	Khak Jabar	Married	
35	Rozi khan	Zareef	38	890851	Khak Jabar	Married	
36	Kitab Gul	Sher Gullan	35		Pakistan	Married	
37	Noor Gull	Sher Gullan	20		Pakistan	Married	
38	Gull Mohammad	Kitab Gull	28		Pakistan	Married	
40	Akbar Khan	Ameer Mohammad	28		Pakistan	Married	
41	Arsala Khan	Ameer Mohammad	25		Pakistan	Married	
42	Malang	Zareef	8		Pakistan	Single	He is orphan

Annex 1(ii) List of families of Koz Chanari Village

S.NO	Identity		Age	ID Number	Present Address	Marital Status	Remarks
	Name	F/Name					
1	Ghلام Sakhi	Mahboob	65	1016942	Koz Chinari Village Village Village	Married	
2	Fazal Rabi	Shah Dowllah	27	897081		Married	
3	Fazul Raman	Shah Dowllah	29	636465		Married	
4	Mohd Salam	Abdul Satar	25	46647		Married	
5	Mir salam	Abdul Satar	23	900043		Married	
6	Qadim	Abdul Satar	21	1197523		Married	
7	Mohd Naem	Abdul Satar	19	585985		Married	
8	Abdul Zahir	Abdul Ghafar	22	636214		Married	
9	Abdul Matin	Mohammadullah	43	582930		Married	
10	Abdul Salam	Mohammadullah	50	244807		Married	
11	Abdul Baqi	Khan Mohd	71	823935		Married	
12	Akhtar Mohd	Abdul Salam	29	600494		Married	
13	Mohd Nawab	Abdul Ahmad	57	929313		Married	
14	Ashuqullah	Mohd Nawab	23	812877		Married	
15	Zabi ullah	Mohd Nawab	17	602595		Married	
16	Shah Zaman	Gul zaman	25	582238		Married	
17	Sartoor	Gul zaman	21	3159383		Married	
18	Jan Nisar	Wazir	70	1019636		Married	
19	Eqbal Shah	Abdul Rashid	59	594871		Married	
20	Mohd Aman	Rozadin	61	1016918		Mosahe	Married

Annex 1(iii) list of eligible female voters of Wali Baba



International Rescue Committee

دژ غورنی نړیواله کمیټه

دمستحقو رایې ورکوونکو د ثبت پاته

گروپ یا کلسټر	A	کلی	وکی بابا	ولسوالی	دره
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شمیره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مدنی حالت	جنس	دندګری شمیره	درایې ورکونکی نوم اولاسلیک	
								نوم	لاسلیک
1	بی بی آمنه	ملګ	امنه	40	متاهل	زن		بی بی آمنه	
2	اخسان گل	ورجن	اخسان گل	48	متاهل	م		اخسان گل	
3	انسم	جمع خان	انسم	60	متاهل	م		انسم	
4	زرغونه	سکیری	زرغونه	28	متاهل	م		زرغونه	
5	فرینګه	یار غنی		20	متاهل	م		فرینګه	
6	ررانی	ک زارین	ررانی	53	متاهل	م		ررانی	
7	خا بیټه	گل خان	ررانی	19	متاهل	م		خا بیټه	
8	ډیلوه	سابع هر	ډیلوه	62	متاهل	م		ډیلوه	
9	سینورې	گل نه	سینورې	28	متاهل	م		سینورې	
10	وزنه	محمد خان	وزنه	68	متاهل	م		وزنه	
11	بلقیس	صردار	بلقیس	33	متاهل	م		بلقیس	
12	نادیه	غیبو	نادیه	74	متاهل	م		نادیه	
13	کانه	ارسلان	کانه	38	متاهل	م		کانه	
14	حمیده	غلام یحیی	حمیده	34	متاهل	م		حمیده	
15	سکریه	محمد خان	سکریه	48	متاهل	م		سکریه	
16	تفتیغه	شیرخان	تفتیغه	23	متاهل	م		تفتیغه	
17	سریه	میر جان	امنه	18	متاهل	م		سریه	
18	شرفه	قردار	شرفه	35	متاهل	م		شرفه	
19	خالده	سکریه	اخسان گل	18	متاهل	م		خالده	
20	گل یانې	انداز	گل یانې	59	متاهل	م		گل یانې	

اخسان گل کیټون !

۳ - فرزانه
۴ - جانانې

۱ - آمنه
۲ - سکریه

دمستحقو راڼي ورکونکو دثبته پانه

گروپ پاکلستر	B	کلی	دس بیجا با	ولسوالی	محمد آغا
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شمیره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مدنی حالت	جنس	د تذکری شمیره	دراڼي ورکونکی نوم اولاسلیک	
								نوم	لاسلیک
1	بیا بی شری	بیا زای	بی بی شری	40	متاهل	زن		بیا شری	
2	زار خان	حسن خان	زار خان	50		م		زار خان	
3	ربو جان	تاح محمد	ببو جان	73		م		ببو جان	
4	پو سینه	میرا جان	بی بی شری	20	چور	م		پو سینه	
5	زرغون	میرا جان	م	18	چور	م		زرغون	
6	فاطمه	ظریف	فاطمه	26	متاهل	م		فاطمه	
7	صوفی	شمس الرحمن	ببو جان	22	م	م		صوفی	
8	ناجیه	عبد الله	زار خان	24	م	م		ناجیه	
9	نظیره	گل جان	بی بی شری	19	م	م		نظیره	
10	شازد	میردین	کرو	30	م	م		شازد	
11	خاطره	محمد صابو	خاطره	28	م	م		خاطره	
12	فضیله	میردین	فضیله	35	م	م		فضیله	
13	صلی	عبد الحلیه	فاطمه	18	م	م		صلی	
14	نیلوفر	محمد اکرم	نیلوفر	18	م	م		نیلوفر	
15	نور پین	حسن خان	نور پین	32	م	م		نور پین	
16	حمیرا	محمد هاشم	حمیرا	24	م	م		حمیرا	
17	بر شیا	عبد الودود	حمیرا	18	م	م		بر شیا	
18	فرزانه	نخل عمر	فرزانه	24	م	م		فرزانه	
19	سما	حبت گل	نور پین	18	چور	م		سما	
20	زینب	نور جان	نور پین	18	چور	م		زینب	

احضای کسب

۳ - زار خان

۱ - آمنه

۴ - جانان

۲ - نور پین

دمستحقو راڼي وركوونكو د ثبت پانه

گروپ يا كلستر	C	كلي	رك بابا	ولسوالۍ	پلاخه
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شميره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دكورنۍ مشر	عمر	مدني حالت	جنس	د تذكرې شميره	د راڼي وركونكي نوم اولاسليك	
								نوم	لاسلېك
1	فخر جان	حسن خان	فخر جان	42	مساهل	زن		فخر جان	
2	سېن	عبدالرحيم	سېن	35	م	م		سېن	
3	نسيم	ظاهر خان	نسيم	35	م	م		نسيم	
4	رايم	سرحان	رايم	36	م	م		رايم	
5	خديجه	ميررار	خديجه	27	م	م		خديجه	
6	گلشنم	خان عمر	گلشنم	56	م	م		گلشنم	
7	دورزان	سېح الله	دورزان	27	م	م		دورزان	
8	محل شمېره	ميررار	خديجه	20	م	م		محل شمېره	
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									



اعفای کسبون!

۱ - امین - ۲ - نور جان - ۳ - گلشنم

۲ - گلشنم - ۳ - گلشنم

Annex 1(iv) List of male eligible voters of Wali Baba (cluster wise)



International Rescue Committee

دژ غورنی نړیواله کمیټه

دمستحقو رایي ورکوونکو د ثبت پاڼه

گروپ پاکلمنتر	A	کلی	وکی بابا	ولسوالی	لړلړم
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د رایي ورکوونکی نوم او لاسلیک		د کلیوالو لست چي د رایي حق لري					
شمیره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مذنی حالت	جنس	د تذکری شمیره
1	ملامیراجان	گلزار	گلزار	50	سهل	مرد	101604
2	گلزار	خدا نواز	گلزار	83	✓	✓	1016103
3	عبدالرحمن	حسن خان	حسن خان	26	✓	✓	929967
4	قل له	بار له	گلزار	21	✓	✓	897369
5	وړوړین	بار له	گلزار	39	✓	✓	573881
6	فضل الرحمن	حسن خان	حسن خان	22	✓	✓	897377
7	ابدرکمل	مشکری	مشکری	24	✓	✓	897361
8	خان له	گلزار	گلزار	32	✓	✓	351384
9	همینه قل	گلزار	گلزار	37	✓	✓	1016107
10	دوست له	بار له	دوست له	57	✓	✓	897367
11	حسن خان	خدا نواز	حسن خان	69	✓	✓	806975
12	وړوړین	میراجان	میراجان	25	✓	✓	591716
13	نورجان	گلزار	گلزار	43	✓	✓	1016105
14	وړوړین	میراجان	میراجان	24	✓	✓	244540
15	زیب الله	حسن قل	حسن قل	18	✓	✓	890135
16	عبدالرحمن	میراجان	میراجان	21	✓	✓	244359
17	کشف الله	نورجان	نورجان	22	✓	✓	382469
18	محمد الله	همینه قل	همینه قل	18	✓	✓	890281
19	هیون الله	نورجان	نورجان	18	✓	✓	352654
20	حسن قل	گلزار	گلزار	39	✓	✓	1016106

۶- وړوړین
 ۳- ابدرکمل
 ۴- فضل الرحمن
 ۵- ملامیراجان

انحصای کمیسیون!
 ۱- خان له
 ۲- همینه قل

دمستحقو رایي ورکونکو د ثبت پايه

گروپ پاکستن	B	کلی	ولی بابا	ولسوالی	محمد اسم
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شمیره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مدنی حالت	جنس	دفتکری شمیره	د رایي ورکونکی نوم اولاسنیک	
								نوم	لاسنیک
1	صویری	ابج محمد	صویری	57	مصاب	مرد	1016167	ستیری	
2	عبدالرحمان	گل داد	صیرداد	35	"	"	602269	عمر الحان	
3	ادریس	دوست محمد	دوست محمد	19	19	"	897373	ادریس	
4	الله داد	گل داد	الله داد	28	"	"	573862	الله داد	
5	باشنده گل	صویری	صویری	28	"	"	897359	باشنده گل	
6	محمد گل	گلزار	گلزار	30	"	"	352656		
7	خالق داد	گلداد	صیرداد	36	"	"	1023100	خالق داد	
8	سماهی خان	جان محمد	سماهی خان	43	"	"	1023091		
9	ارسلح	سیرخان	ارسلح	45	"	"	1016102		
10	سردار	طریف	سردار	41	"	"	1016129	سردار	
11	نور آغا	سیرخان	نور آغا	23	"	"	898950		
12	نوراب	طریف	نوراب	38	"	"	1016131	نوراب	
13	موسن	سردار	سردار	18	"	"	890854	موسن	
14	حلتد	طریف	حلتد	8	مرد	"	890877		
15	اوزی خان	طریف	اوزی خان	38	مصاب	"	890851	اوزی خان	
16	شرف خان	نور عالم	شرف خان	63	"	"	1023089	شرف خان	
17									
18									
19									
20									

اعضای کسون:

5- ملا لور

3- ایدری گل

1- خان محمد خان

4- محمد سلام

4- فضل الرحمن

2- همیشه گل

Annex 1 (v) List of female eligible voters of Koz Chinari (Cluster Wise)



International Rescue Committee

دژ غورنی نړیواله کمیټه

دمستحقو رایي ورکوونکو د ثبت پانه

گروپ پاکلستر	A	کلی	کوز چناری	ولسوالی	کوز چناری
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شمیره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مدنی حالت	جنس	د تذکری شمیره	د رایي ورکوونکي نوم اولاسلیک	
								نوم	لاسلیک
1	زهرة	سلطان	زهرة	45	متاهل	ښار	11111	زهرة	
2	کریمه	داود	کریمه	50	ف	ف	ف	کریمه	
3	نازیه	سجاد	نازیه	21	ف	ف	ف	نازیه	
4	دلور	لوز	یکور	23	ف	ف	ف	دلور	
5	ماهه	حاجی خان	ماهه	48	ف	ف	ف	ماهه	
6	فاطمه	میر	فاطمه	21	ف	ف	ف	فاطمه	
7	انزه	محمد	انزه	23	ف	ف	ف	انزه	
8	زخونه	سید احمد	زخونه	20	ف	ف	ف	زخونه	
9	نازیه	کریم	نازیه	40	ف	ف	ف	نازیه	
10	زهرا	غریب خان	زهرا	52	ف	ف	ف	زهرا	
11	ضیاء	سید احمد	ضیاء	35	ف	ف	ف	ضیاء	
12	زرخان	ملک خان	زرخان	28	ف	ف	ف	زرخان	
13	حاجی	حاجی خان	حاجی	20	ف	ف	ف	حاجی	
14	منه	ارم خان	منه	48	ف	ف	ف	منه	
15	افغانه	الدین	افغانه	18	ف	ف	ف	افغانه	
16	جان	رمضان	جان	20	ف	ف	ف	جان	
17	ناجیه	عبدالله	ناجیه	18	ف	ف	ف	ناجیه	
18	گلشن	جعفر	گلشن	40	متاهل	ف	ف	گلشن	
19	عائشه	عبدالله	عائشه	42	ف	ف	ف	عائشه	
20	حیال	محمد خان	حیال	23	ف	ف	ف	حیال	

انجمن کورنی

۱- شاه کله

۲- زهرا

۳- حسانه

۲- لاجا

دمستحقو رایې ورکوونکو د ثبت پانه

گروپ پاکلستر	B	کلی	کوزخاری	ولسوالی	گرانج
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شمیره	نوم	دپلار نوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مذنی حالت	جنس	د تذکری شمیره	درایی ورکونکی نوم اولاسلیک	
								نوم	لاسلیک
1	نفسیه	علا چاروی	نفسیه	17	سماهل	اناک	نزار	نفسیه	
2	سکریم	عبدالرحمن	افغان گل	18	ع	ع	ع	سکریم	
3	اختر میږی	خان پان	اختر میږی	59	ع	ع	ع	اختر میږی	
4	گل دانه	عبدالرحیم	ع	18	ع	ع	ع	گل دانه	
5	افغان گل	داور	افغان گل	48	ع	ع	ع	افغان گل	
6	عادل	گلزار	عادل	46	ع	ع	ع	عادل	
7	فتانه	رسد	فتانه	51	ع	ع	ع	فتانه	
8	زهرة	گل زمان	فتانه	18	ع	ع	ع	زهرة	
9	سریفه	گل زمان	سریفه	60	ع	ع	ع	سریفه	
10	ملای	سید الله	ملای	28	ع	ع	ع	ملای	
11	سریفه	خزالدین	سریفه	18	ع	ع	ع	سریفه	
12	بیوجان	سیر گل	بیوجان	40	ع	ع	ع	بیوجان	
13	نجم	داور	بیوجان	20	ع	ع	ع	نجم	
14									
15									
16									
17									
18									
19									
20									

افغان کمیټه!

۳- زهرة

۱- گل دانه

۴- فتانه

۲- لیلیا

Annex 1 (vi) - list of male eligible voter of Koz Chinari (cluster wise)



International Rescue Committee

ڈز غورنی نریوالہ کمیٹہ

دمستحقو رایہی ورکونکوڈثبت پانہ

گروپ یا کلسٹر	A صدرانہ	کلی	کوز چناری	ولسوالی	درانہ
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شمیرہ	نوم	دپلارنوم	دکورنی مشر	عمر	مدنی حالت	جنس	دندکری شمیرہ	درایی ورکونکی نوم اولاسلیک	
								نوم	لاسلک
1	فضل البری	ملاہ شاہ کلا	فضل البری		متاھل	مرد	۳۵۲۶۰۵	فضل البری	
2	علامہ نسیمی	محبوب	علامہ نسیمی	۶۵	۶	۶	۱۰۱۶۹۴۲	علامہ نسیمی	
3	فضل البری	شادولا	فضل البری	۲۷	۶	۶	۸۹۷۰۸۱	فضل البری	
4	فضل الرحمن	شادولا	شادولا	۲۹	۶	۶	۶۳۶۴۶۵	فضل الرحمن	
5	محمد سلما	عبدالستار	محمد سلما	۲۵	۶	۶	۲۶۶۴۷	محمد سلما	
6	عید سلما	عبدالستار		۲۳	۶	۶	۶۰۰۱۴۳	عید سلما	
7	نور محمد	عبدالستار		۲۹	۶	۶	۱۱۹۷۵۲۳	نور محمد	
8	محمد نعیم	عبدالستار		۱۹	۶	۶	۵۸۵۹۸۵	محمد نعیم	
9	عبد الصغیر	عبد العزیز	عبد العزیز	۳۲	۶	۶	۶۳۶۲۱۴	عبد الصغیر	
10	عبد الحسین	محمد اللہ	محمد اللہ	۳۳	۶	۶	۵۸۲۹۳۰	عبد الحسین	
11	عبد الباقی	خان محمد	عبد الباقی	۷۱	۶	۶	۸۲۲۹۹۵	عبد الباقی	
12	عبد سلما	محمد اللہ	عبد سلما	۵۰	۶	۶	۲۴۴۸۰۷	عبد سلما	
13	احمد محمد	عبد المسلم	احمد محمد	۲۹	۶	۶	۶۰۰۴۹۴	احمد محمد	
14	محمد نواب	عبد اللہ	محمد نواب	۵۷	۶	۶	۹۲۶۲۱۴	محمد نواب	
15	عاشق اللہ	محمد نواب	عاشق اللہ	۲۳	۶	۶	۸۱۲۸۷۷	عاشق اللہ	
16	ذبیح اللہ	محمد نواب	ذبیح اللہ	۱۷	۶	۶	۶۰۲۵۹۵	ذبیح اللہ	
17	شاہ زمان	گل زمان	شاہ زمان	۲۵	۶	۶	۵۸۲۲۳۲	شاہ زمان	
18	سید شہزاد	گل زمان	سید شہزاد	۲۱	۶	۶	۲۱۵۹۳۸۲	سید شہزاد	
19	جانبانہ	عزیز	جانبانہ	۷	۶	۶	۱۰۱۹۶۲۶	جانبانہ	
20	ابن سنا	عبدالستار	ابن سنا	۵۹	۶	۶	۵۹۴۸۷۱	ابن سنا	
21	محمد زمان	محمد زمان	محمد زمان	۶۱	۶	۶	۱۰۱۶۹۱۱	محمد زمان	

اعضا کا کپیوں

۵- خان محمد

۶- عبدالستار

۳- عبدالستار

۴- محمد سلما

۱- ملا نواب

۲- گل باب شاہ

Annex 1(vii) list of participants on project orientation

Wali Baba					Koz Chanary					
Orientation					Orientation					
Date	S.No	Male Name	S.No	Female Name	Date	S.No	Male Name	S.No		
31-Jan-13	1	Momin Khan	1	Zarghona	10-Feb-13	1	Iqbal Shah	1	Karima	
	2	Noor Jan	2	Khyesta		2	Mohammad Aman	2	Zohra	
	3	Hamesha Gull	3	Amina		3	Ghulam Sakhi	3	Palwasha	
	4	Khan Mohammad	4	Anisa		4	Fazl Rabi	4	Nazi Gull	
	5	Mohammad Wazir	5	Dewa		5	Sar Tor	5	Fatima	
	6	Hijratullah	6	Nadia		6	Shah Zaman	6	Mah Gull	
	7	Hameedullah	7	Shafiqqa		7	Zabihullah	7	Riza Gull	
	8	Abdul Rahman	8	Sharifa		8	Mohammad Salaam	8	Zia Gull	
	9	Sharif Khan	9	Maryem		9	Mir Salaam	9	Zar Jan	
	10	Pinda Gull	10	Liloma		10	Ashiqullah	10	Nafisa	
	11	Zabihullah	11	Gull Pana		11	Mohammad Nawab	11	Karima	
	12	Masjidi	12	Be Be shireen		12	Qadem	12	Akhter BeBe	
	13	Noor Agha	13	Babo jana		13	Mohammad naeem	13	Gul Dana	
	14	Amer Mohammad	14	Palwasha		14	Abdul Zahir	14	Afghan Gull	
	15	Dost Mohammad	15	Farzana		15	Akhter Mohammad	15	Adila	
	16	Gull Mohammad	16	Zinab		16	Abdul Salaam	16	Zohra	
	17	Redy Gull	17	Fazila		17	Abdul Baqi	17	Sharifa	
	18	Idres	18	Fatima		18	Abdul Mateen	18	MIali	
	19	Shaheen Khan	19	Sharo		19	Jan Nisar	19	Fatana	
				20		Nafas Jan	20	Fal Rahman	20	Babojana
				21		Rabia			21	Zaziy
				22		Dur Dana			22	Mana
				23		Gull Bashra			23	Anar Gull
				24		Semen			24	Jamala
				25		Khatera			25	Najia
				26		Najia			26	Gull Soom
				27		Tor Peki			27	Aisha
				28		Shah Zia			28	Khyal Mena
				29		Wagma			29	Shah Gull

Annex 1 (viii) –list of eligible voters male, English version:

Wali Baba					Koz Chanary				
Election					Election				
Date	S.No	Male Name	S.No	Female Name	Date	S.No	Male Name	S.No	Female Name
24-Feb-13	1	Mula Mirajan	1	Amina	24-Feb-13	1	Fazl Rabi	1	Anar Gulla
	2	Gull Zar	2	Afghan Gull		2	Ghulam Sakhi	2	Gull Sema
	3	Abdul Rahman	3	Anesa		3	Fazl Rabi	3	Aisha
	4	Gull Mohammad	4	Zarghona		4	Fazl Rahman	4	Shah Gull
	5	Mohammad Din	5	Freshta		5	Mohammad Salaam	5	Khyal mena
	6	Fazl Rahman	6	Durani		6	Mir Salaam	6	Najia
	7	Redy Gull	7	Khayesta		7	Qadeem	7	Jamala
	8	Khan Mohammad	8	Dewa		8	Mohammad Naeem	8	Mana
	9	Hamesha Gull	9	Spogmy		9	Abdul Zahir	9	Zaziy
	10	Dost Mohammad	10	Wagma		10	Abdul Mateen	10	Babo Jana
	11	Hosen Khan	11	Balqes		11	Abdul Baqi	11	Karima
	12	Mohammad Nazir	12	Nadia		12	Abdul Salaam	12	Palwasha
	13	Noor Jan	13	Shazia		13	Akhter Mohammad	13	Nazi Gull
	14	Mohammad Wazir	14	Hameeda		14	Mohammad Nawab	14	Zohra
	15	Zabihullah	15	Karima		15	Ashiqullah	15	Mah Gull
	16	Abdul Salaam	16	Shfiqa		16	Zabihullah	16	Zar Jana
	17	Shafiullah	17	Maryem		17	Shah Zaman	17	Riza Gull
	18	Hameedullah	18	Sharefa		18	Sar tor	18	Nafisa
	19	Janat Gull	19	Khalida		19	Jan Nisar	19	Zia Gull
	20	Masjidi	20	Gull Pana		20	Iqbal Shah	20	Nazi Gull
	21	Abdul Hanan	21	Be Be Shireen		21	Mohammad Aman	21	Karima
	22	Idres	22	Zarsanga				22	Fatima
	23	Allah Dad	23	Babo Jana				23	Zarghona
	24	Pinda Gull	24	Palwasha				24	Akhter Bebe
	25	Khaliq Dad	25	Zarghona				25	Gull Dana
	26	Sardar	26	Fatima				26	Afghan Gull
	27	Turab	27	Sdiqa				27	Adila
	28	Momin Khan	28	Najia				28	Fatana
	29	Rozi Khan	29	Nazira				29	Zohra

	30	Sharaf Kha	30	Sharo				30	Sharifa
			31	Khatera				31	Mlali
			32	Fazelah				32	Sharifa
			33	malali				33	Najiba
			34	Nelo Far					
			35	Tor Peki					
			36	Homera					
			37	Breshna					
			38	Farzana					
			39	Zenat					
			40	Nafas Jan					
			41	Semen					
			42	Nasima					
			43	Rabia					
			44	Khdija					
			45	Gull soom					
			46	Dur Dana					
			47	Gull Bashra					
			48	Salma					

Annex 1 (ix) -list of elected committees members

Ayenak Community Teams								
Executive committee			Social Audit Committee			School management committee		
Date	Male Name	Female Name	Date	Male Name	Female Name	Date	Male Name	Female Name
24-Feb-13	Mula Mira Jan	Zia Gull	27-Feb-13	Abdul Rahman	Amina	20-Mar-13	Safiullah	Balqes
	Fazlrabi	Nazia Gull		Mohammad Nazir	Babo		Falzrahman	Khaterah
	Gull Mohammad	BeBe Shireen		Mohmand	Sharo		Gulab Shah	Noor Nama
	Mohammad Aman	Nafas Jan						
	Masjidi	Jan Shireen						

Annex 1. (x) list of eligible voters femlae English version

Female Election List of Wali Baba Cluster wise						
Group/Cluster	A	Village	Wali Baba	District	Muhammad Agha	
List of the eligible candidates for election						
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Bibi Amina	Malang	40	Married	Female	
2	Afghan Gul	M.Hassan	48	Married	Female	
3	Anisa	Juma Khan	60	Married	Female	
4	Zarghona	Muhammade	28	Married	Female	
5	Farishta	Yar Muhamad	20	Married	Female	
6	Durani	shah Zarin	53	Married	Female	
7	Khaista	Gul Khan	19	Married	Female	
8	Dewa	Taj Mohd	62	Married	Female	
9	Spogmai	Gul Mohd	28	Married	Female	
10	Wagma	Omer Khan	68	Married	Female	
11	Balqees	Meerdad	33	Married	Female	
12	Nadia	Mahboob	74	Married	Female	
13	Shahzia	Arsalah	38	Married	Female	
14	Hameeda	Ghulam Sakhe	34	Married	Female	
15	Kareema	Juma Khan	48	Married	Female	
16	shahfeka	Sher Khan	23	Married	Female	
17	Maryam	Mera Jan	18	Single	Female	
18	Sharifa	M.Dawod	35	Married	Female	
19	Khalida	Kareem	18	Married	Female	
20	Gul pana	Allah Nazar	59	Married	Female	
Group/Cluster	B	Village	Wali Baba	District	Muhammad Agha	
List of the eligible candidates for election						
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Bibi Shireen	Shah Zareen	40	Married	Female	
2	Zarsanga	Hassan khan	50	Married	Female	
3	Babo Jana	Taj Mohd	73	Married	Female	
4	Palwasha	Mera Jan	20	Single	Female	
5	Zarghona	Mera Jan	18	Single	Female	
6	Fatima	Zareef	26	Married	Female	
7	Sadeqa	Shamsurehman	22	Married	Female	
8	Najena	Abdullah	24	Married	Female	
9	Nazeera	Gul Jan	19	Married	Female	

10	Shah Zo	Merwais	30	Married	Female	
11	Khatira	M.Sabir	28	Married	Female	
12	Fazeela	Meerdeem	35	Married	Female	
13	Malalai	Abdul hameed	18	Married	Female	
14	Nelofar	M.Akram	18	Married	Female	
15	Torpakai	Hassan khan	32	Married	Female	
16	Hameeda	M.Hashim	24	Married	Female	
17	Barishna	Abdul Wadood	18	Married	Female	
18	Farzana	Gul Omer	24	Married	Female	
19	Salma	Janat Gul	18	Single	Female	
20	Zeenat	Noor Jan	18	Single	Female	
Male Election List of Wali Baba Cluster wise						
Group/Cluster	A	Village	Wali Baba	District	Muhammad Agha	
List of the eligible candidates for election						
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Mola Mera Jan	Gulzar	50	Married	Male	101604
2	Gulzar	Khodai Nazar	83	Married	Male	1016103
3	Abdul Rahman	Hassan Khan	26	Married	Male	929967
4	Gul Mohd	Yar Mohd	21	Married	Male	897369
5	Mohd u deen	Yar Mohd	39	Married	Male	573881
6	Fazl u Rahman	Hassan Khan	22	Married	Male	897377
7	Rade Gul	Masjedee	24	Married	Male	897361
8	Khan Mohd	Gulzar	32	Married	Male	351384
9	Hamisha gul	Gulzar	37	Married	Male	1016107
10	Doost Mohd	Yar Mohd	57	Married	Male	897367
11	Hussain Mohd	Khodai Nazar	69	Married	Male	806975
12	M.Nazeer	Meera Jan	25	Married	Male	591716
13	Noor jan	Gulzar	43	Married	Male	1016105
14	M.wazeer	Meera Jan	24	Married	Male	244540
15	Zabihullah	Janat gul	18	Married	Male	890135
16	Abdul Salam	Meera Jan	21	Married	Male	244359
17	Shafi ullah	Noor Jan	22	Married	Male	382469
18	Hameed ullah	Hamisha gul	18	Married	Male	890281
19	Hijrat ullah	Noor Jan	18	Married	Male	352654
20	Janat Gul	Gulzar	39	Married	Male	1016106

Male Election List of Wali Baba Cluster wise						
Group/Cluster	B	Village	Wali Baba	District	Muhammad Agha	
List of the eligible candidates for election						
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Masjid	Taj Muhammad	57	Married	Male	1016167
2	Abdul Manan	Gul Dad	35	Married	Male	602269
3	Adrees	Doost Mohd	19	Married	Male	897373
4	Allah Dad	Gul Dad	28	Married	Male	573862
5	Painda Gul	Masjedee	28	Married	Male	897359
6	Omer Gul	Gulzar	30	Married	Male	352656
7	Khaliq dad	Guldar	36	Married	Male	1023100
8	Shahee khan	Jan Mohd	43	Married	Male	1023091
9	Arsalah	Sheer Khan	45	Married	Male	1016102
10	sardar	zarif	40	Married	Male	1016129
11	Noor Agha	Sheer Khan	23	Married	Male	898950
12	Torab	zarif	38	Married	Male	1016131
13	Momain	Sardar	18	Married	Male	890877
14	Malang	zarif	8	Single	Male	890877
15	Rozee Khan	zarif	38	Married	Male	890851
16	sharaf Khan	Noor Alam	63	Married	Male	1023089
Female Election List of Koz Chinari Cluster wise						
Group/Cluster	A	Village	Koz Chinari	District	Muhammad Agha	
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Zahra	sultan	45	Married	Female	
2	Kareema	Dawood	50	Married	Female	
3	Nazee gul	Shadawla	21	Married	Female	
4	Dewshah	Nawab	23	Married	Female	
5	Magul	Haji Khan dad	48	Married	Female	
6	Fatima	Gul Meer	21	Married	Female	
7	Eza gula	Shah Mohd	23	Married	Female	
8	Zarghona	Sheer Khan	20	Married	Female	
9	Nazee gul	sorab	40	Married	Female	
10	shah gula	Aziz Khan	52	Married	Female	
11	zia gula	said u Rahman	35	Married	Female	
12	Zarjan	Malak khan	28	Married	Female	
13	Zazai	Haji Hashim	20	Married	Female	
14	Mana	Adam Khan	48	Married	Female	
15	Anar Gul	Allah Noor	18	Married	Female	

16	Jamala	afghan	20	Married	Female	
17	Najia	abdul salam	18	Single	Female	
18	Gul saim	Haroon	40	Married	Female	
19	Aishah	Ghulam	42	Married	Female	
20	Khail Meena	Gulam Farooq	23	Married	Female	
Female Election List ofKoz Chinari Cluster wise						
Group/Cluster	B	Village	Koz Chinari	District	Muhammad Agha	
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Nafisa	Ghulam Farooq	17	Married	Female	
2	Kareema	Abdul Rahman	18	Married	Female	
3	Akhtar Bibi	Khan Mohd	59	Married	Female	
4	Gul dana	Abdul Raheem	18	Married	Female	
5	Afghan gul	Dawood	48	Married	Female	
6	Adila	Gulzar	46	Married	Female	
7	Fasana	Rais	51	Married	Female	
8	Zuhra	Gul zaman	18	Married	Female	
9	Shareef	Gul zaman	60	Married	Female	
10	Malalai	Saif ullah	28	Married	Female	
11	Sharifa	Khodai dad	18	Married	Female	
12	Bewa jana	sheer gul	40	Married	Female	
13	Najeena	Dawood	20	Married	Female	
Male Election List ofKoz Chinari Cluster wise						
Group/Cluster	A	Village	Koz Chinari	District	Muhammad Agha	
S.No	Name	Father/N	Age	Marital Status	sex	ID No
1	Fazal Rabee	Mula Shah gul		Married	Male	352605
2	Ghulam Sakhee	Mahbob	65	Married	Male	1016942
3	Fazal Rabee	shah dawla	27	Married	Male	897081
4	Fazl u Rahman	shah dawla	29	Married	Male	636465
5	Mohd Salam	Abdul satar	25	Married	Male	46647
6	Meer Salam	Abdul satar	23	Married	Male	600043
7	Qadeem	Abdul satar	21	Married	Male	1197523
8	M.Naeem	Abdul satar	19	Married	Male	585985
9	Abdu zahir	Abdul ghafar	22	Married	Male	636214
10	Abdul moeen	Mohd ullah	43	Married	Male	5829930
11	Abdul baqi	Khan Mohd	71	Married	Male	823995
12	Abdul Salam	Mohd ullah	50	Married	Male	244807
13	Akhtar Mohd	abdul salam	26	Married	Male	600494

14	M.Nawab	Abdul wahid	57	Married	Male	939313
15	Ashiqullah	M.Nawab	23	Married	Male	812877
16	Zabihullah	M.Nawab	17	Married	Male	602595
17	M.Zaman	Gul zaman	25	Married	Male	582232
18	sartoor	Gul zaman	21	Married	Male	3159383
19	Janesar	wazir	70	Married	Male	1019636
20	Iqbal shah	Abdu Rasheed	59	Married	Male	594871
21	M.Aman	Roza dain	61	Married	Male	116918

Annex 2 Summary of Meetings, Trainings and Field visits

Annex 2 (i)- list of meetings

(a) Coordination meeting with Ministry of Mines and Petroleum (MoMP): A meeting between MoM, the World Bank and the IRC was held on December 18, 2012. The Consultant (IRC) apprised the participants of its proposal and the action plan for the Aynak Social Accountability Pilot Project. Abdul Aziz Arib from MoMP briefed participants about Aynak mining, compensation package for the affected families and the township facilities. It was decided that::

- The Consultant (IRC) will prepare training manuals on grievance, social audit, and hygiene education.
- The Consultant (IRC) will form three committees e.g. CDC, Social Audit Committee and School Management Committee.

Decisions taken during coordination meetings:

- IRC will provide a fortnightly written progress report to the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum.
- School Management Committee will provide special training on the need of basic education to the Aynak residents; IRC will try to accommodate basic education issues in social audit training or in other session.
- In Hygiene training most of the focus should be given to women.
- In the GRC training, a session on the summary of RAP will be taken by the officials from Aynak Authority, Ministry of Main and Petroleum (MoMP); Aynak Authority will be consulted and after the finalization of the GRC manual, MoMP will arrange to conduct the RAP summary session followed by other sessions conducted by IRC;
- GRC Training Manual will be reviewed and comments should be sent.
- The last Aynak GRC meeting was conducted in Dec, 2012, so the next meeting should be held by Aynak Authority date.

GRC Training will be conducted for the MoMP officials by IRC in the coming week. It will be full day training for 25 officials of the Ministry for their capacity building on the grievance redressal mechanisms at the mining projects. Good practices from other World Bank projects will be shared with the participants from Departments of Inspection, Cadastre, Policy, Aynak Authority, Amu-Darya Authority etc. IRC will provide presentation from GRC Manual and Mr. Noori from WB will give presentation on GRC case studies from other projects. IRC will give the date for the training sometimes next week.

(b) World Bank and MoMP mission meetings:

- A mission comprising of Miki and Muhammad Yasin Noori from World Bank, Ghulam Dastagir from MoMP, and the IRC team members Najibullah Atiqi Senior training manager and Noor ul Haq Saqib (Provincial Coordinator) from IRC visited the project site (As-hab township); they had a meeting with Wali Baba community and briefed them about the project objective show IRC/World Bank and MoM will conduct awareness raising sessions regarding Resettlement Action Plan (RAP), later on people had shared some problems with Miki, Muhammad Yasin Noori and also they visited As-hab Baba infrastructure projects.
- The mission (Miki, Muhammad Yasin Noori from World Bank, Ghulam Dastagir) conducted meeting with Aziz Areb Head of Aynak Authority, Engineer Abdul Rauf, Noor ul Haq Saqib and Najibullah Atiqi from IRC was participants of the mentioned meeting on January 30, 2013. In the above mentioned meeting Miki from World Bank shared her site visit report with Aziz Areb, Director of Mines, and appraised them of the complaints of wali Baba Villagers and the role of IRC in Social Accountability Pilot in Aynak mining sector, as a result it was decided that grievance training manual will be prepared according to Resettlement Action Plan (RAP), and should be sent to MoMP and Aynak authority for approval. It was also agreed that Aynak authority will observe the Aynak CDC election process.
- A meeting was held on April 10, 2013 at the Ministry of Mines and Petroleum between the World Bank, MoMP and the IRC.

Annex 2 (ii)- list of trainings

- **(a) Social Audit Training:** 122 community members including 68 women along with the Social Audit committee, from Wali Baba and Koz Chinari village participated in the 16 days social audit training. The training was conducted in 4 Groups (2 groups of men and 2 groups of women) each one for 4 days totally 16 days. The major focus was on how to monitor new

township infrastructure projects activities, procedure for village social audit meeting, participatory decision making, and complaint mechanism to be sent to GRM committee.

- **(b) Hygiene Promotion training:** 120 community members (52 men and 68 women) from Wali Baba and Koz Chinari villagers attended hygiene promotion training conducted in 4 Group (2 groups of men and 2 groups of women) each group for 4 days totaling to 16 days. The training session focused on general cleanliness, safe water, hand-wash, child hygiene care, and hygienic food etc. Posters and some written materials were used as teaching aid during the training session.
- **(c) Technical Training:** The safe-housing training was supposed to organize after allocation of residential plots; unfortunately the allotment procedure was delayed and keeping in view that the project was ending, the Consultant (IRC) arranged the training workshop to 115 community members (47 men and 68 women). The training workshop will help the mine affected communities to better design their houses and take all the building safety measures while constructing their houses
- **(d) Grievance Redress Mechanism Training:** GRM manual prepared to (i) inform PAFs about the present arrangements for grievance handling. (ii) to describe procedure to submit complaint (to inform PAFs about where to go and who to contact if they have a complaint) and (iii) to educate PAFs on how to fill the complaint form.

The manual prepared in two parts, (i) summary of Aynak RAP, (ii) training for the affected people on functioning of GRC. The training conducted for 119 community members (51 men and 68 women) of Wali baba and Koz Chinari villagers in 4 Groups (2 groups of men and 2 groups of women) each group trained in 4 session for 4 days totally 16 days, in which the first session on “summary of Aynak Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) conducted by male and female representatives from Aynak Authority of MoMP and the remaining sessions on “training for the (Project Affected Peoples)PAPs on functioning of GRC” conducted by IRC local staff.

- **(e) GRM learning workshop:** The GRM learning workshop was organized on April 24, 2013 at the MoMP office, 20 MoMP officials from Aynak authority, Amu Darya project, NRCP, policy department participated the workshop. The IRC and WB representatives made a presentation on Aynak social accountability pilot project.

- **(f) GRM learning video Conferences (VCs) by Sanjay Agarwal from WB:** the first video Conference (VC) conducted on September 11, 2013, 20 officials including 15 from MoMP attended the workshop

IRC had a short GRM learning presentation regarding Aynak Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) GRM and representative from MRRD had a presentation on GRM in NSP. the important part of this (VC) was presentation by Sanjay Agarwal through online video call, he have shared international practices with participants.

The second video Conference (VC) on GRM learning VC conducted on November 12, 2013 by Sanjay Agarwal and 16 participants from MoMP and 2 people from IRC attended the second GRM learning VC.

Annex 2 (iii) -lists of field visits:

Representatives of MoMP and World Bank visited Mohammad Agha district May 12, 2013 and the Logar team gathered them near Zahid Abad Bridge soon after that they went to Kozchinari area with the help of Security team, the men and women of the Kozchinari gathered in two different places.

In the above mentioned meeting people of Koz chinari have explained that MoMP and said that they didn't consider the points which were between the people of Koz chinari and MoMP, a number of people of Bar Chinari village who have newly joined Koz chinari village have claimed that they were left from this program. After that Muhammad Yasin Noori and the Representative of World Bank told that due to lack of time IRC employees will talk to you about this issue. After that two female representatives from World Bank went to the female meeting and after some time they got back from the meeting and Noori sahib told that representative of the koz Chinari Shura should come to the Ashab baba so that to talk and meet both Koz Chinari and Wali Baba representative together and invited both shuras to the Ashab baba around 02:30pm they reached to the area.

World Bank representative questions from the communities representatives.

Q: what did you do in past and what will do after this?

Ans: we had fields and cattle in past and now we are busy on our daily wages.

Q: what facilities did the Chinese Company provide to you?

Ans: our people are working as labors with them and now that they have stopped working, so we are working historical site project.

Q: what do you want for yourself in future?

Ans: we want our children to get education and have the opportunity of job.

Annex 3, GRC Meetings:

First Grievance Redress Meeting: The first grievance redress meeting was held on December 11, 2012 in Mohammad Agha district governor office, Deputy Governor of Logar province, Governor of Muhammad Agha District, representatives of Aynak authority, Ministry of Agriculture, Irrigation and Livestock (MAIL), community elders and representative of IRC attended the meeting. The villagers of Ayank apprised the meeting participants of their problems, major concern, and the progress relating to documentation of land/property.

Second Grievance Redress Meeting: This meeting was conducted on August 2, 2013, Deputy Governor of Logar province, Governor of Mohammad Agha district, heads of line departments, Aynak representative, officials from Mohammad Agha district security and legal department, Land Authority, and the district Mayor attended the meeting. The meeting participants discussed about the 14 collected Grievances and prepared answers to each of them. A printed copy of the answers was submitted by head of GRC to IRC, the redress and answers to the grievances were then shared with the community members who made the complaints.

Third Grievance Redress Meeting: the meeting was scheduled on December 14, 2013; however, as the representative from the Aynak CDC was unable to attend the meeting was postponed.

Fourth Grievance Redress Meeting: this meeting was organized on December 18, 2013 Deputy Governor of Logar province, Mohammad Agha district Governor, heads of DAIL, Aynak representative, officials from district security and legal department, Land authority, district Mayor, three Aynak CDC representative and the IRC staff, attended the meeting. In this meeting the participants discussed on 28 new collected grievances. Some of Grievances were fully addressed in the meeting and some of the grievances, which were not addressed in the meeting, were then referred to Aynak authority for preparing feedback to MoMP authority. The feedback from Aynak authority is still awaited. It is important to note that the Aynak communities are periodically submitting their complaints after collecting and sorting the GRC committee responsibility is to prepare the answers or refer the compliance to the related department and shearing the final answers to the related communities, see below Annex 4.1 to 4.4 four batches of complaints sorted each batch according period we received.

Annex 4, List of complaints submitted till date:

Table 4.1 -the first batch of complaints (14 complaints)			
No	Complaint s (details)	Complainants	Responses (GRC)
1	According to RAP the absentee families must to prove their identity in the duration of one year, but still there is no specific place or office in the local district for the absentee	CDC of Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages	The absentee families will be compensated as present families without transportation, but first they should be proved by identification committee.

	families' for registration and to prove their identity.		
2	Because of security restriction we (Aynak Mine area residence) have problems in leaving and entering to the area.	Fazal Chinari from Koz Chinari village	All tracks which registered with Aynak security police check points can enter in to the site without any problem. The police will avoid the tracks which carrying construction materials to Koz Chinari and Bar Chinari villages, because they are not allowed to build new houses in the area.
3	Aynak CDC should be recognized by all Governmental departments as other CDCs under NSP, to be able to solve villagers' problems in the relevant departments.	CDC of Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages	Mohammad Agha district offices is an important governmental office, Aynak villagers can share all their problems with district Governor and it is not necessary to be recognized by Aynak copper mine office.
4	All decisions related compensation for Aynak affected families have made by Government without PAPs involvement.	Mula Mirajan and Mohammad Aman from Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages	Government according to its procedure and policy cannot involve villagers in all decisions making processes, but regarding PAPs compensation it is mentionable that they are compensated in presence of Logar provincial governor, villages elders and deputy minister of MoMP and at that time the affected people were agreed with the compensation. It is mentionable that PAPs representatives can participate in GRC meeting to present PAPs complains and concerns.
5	The GRC should specify in advance, the dates for conducting of meetings on complaint handling with Aynak CDC.	CDC of Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages	Affected people can share complains through CDC representatives with IRC, or district governor Mohammad Agha and get back the responses through the mentioned channel.
6	Since four year we didn't cultivate our agriculture lands in our village, who will compensate this four year damage.	Mula Mirajan from Wali baba village	Actually there was not any agriculture from several years, nevertheless we compensated wali kaly and their lands are now the ownership of government and Koz Chinari and Bar Chinari villagers are cultivating their lands without any problems.

7	According to mining procedure and law PAPs should be hired in mining sector. But here in Aynak the people from other places are working as officials, and not give chance for us to work in Aynak.	Mula Mirajan from Wali baba village	We are committed to hire skilled and unskilled workers from the mining site, presently PAPs are working in mining and for coming time when all mining activities started all interested people will be hired.
8	First priority aids should be given to Aynak displaced people, because they faced with problems since three years like: lack of drinking water, lack of masjid, lack of graveyard, and clinic.	Mula Mirajan from Wali baba village	In new settlement site all mentioned facilities are prepared and PAPs can use it.
9	All projects (basic infrastructure facilities) in As-hab Baba township implemented without our involvement, monitoring and evaluation. Some of the projects build on good quality and according our need, but some of them are not acceptable for us considering location and quality of the mentioned projects.	Wali baba and Koz Chinari villagers	As MoMP is budgeting As-hab Baba township infrastructure projects, therefore it is MoMP's responsibilities to monitor the projects not PAPs responsibilities.
10	We fell that we didn't get our compensation according world mining compensation procedure and world bank role regulation for compensation.	Mohammad Nazir Social Audit committee member	If PAPs are willing to get and implement some projects they can present their proposels, also it is mentionable that till now PAPs directly benefited from road construction and police checkpoints construction projects.
11	Before replacements to Asha Baba town we should get 10 Jereeb of agricultural Land.	Mohammad Nazir Social Audit committee member	Those who have land title documents received compensation 300 000 Afs per jerib, and those who have no land title documents for their land will get 10 jeribs of grade 7 land, and we started our survey in Aab bazak area of Mohammad Agha district to identify land for them and according to approved decision of all Ministerial council they will get the land.
12	Government should build new houses for Aynak PAFs in As hab Baba town , because the affected families are poor and have no financial	CDC of Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages	Government compensated all PAPs and will distribute residential land plots also to the affected people they can build their houses and government is not responsible for PAFs houses building.

	resources in hand to build houses.		
13	<p>Some of governmental officials should not have any fanaticism with Aynak displaced and affected people, because this is a national project and the officials should feel themselves responsible for all nation.</p> <p>Our understanding is that if there was no fanaticism by some officials we may never face with that many problems.</p>	CDC of Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages	Government will never allow anyone to have fanaticism against any Afghan, Aynak authority also have no fanaticism against Aynak residents and we have good behavior with affected people.
14	<p>Two tribes are living in Aynak area (Esa Khil and Akor Khil), the population of both tribe is the same to each other. Our problem is that CDC elected and formed for one tribe and our tribe has no representatives in CDC and has no any representative in the formed CDC.</p> <p>We are living in the area and are ready for CDC election.</p>	Mangal Khan from Siso Tangai village	Compensation to Aynak affected people is according to all Ministerial council approval and will never pay more than approved compensation to any one, we will never put any difference among affected people considering compensation.

Table 4.2 – The second batch of complaints (14 complaints)

No	Complaint s (details)	Complainants	Responses (GRC)
1	<p>Responses (by GRC) to the previous 13 complaints are not acceptable to us, because there was no community representative invited to GRC meeting.</p> <p>د تیرو 13 شکایتونو ځوابونه مونږ ته د منلو وړ ندې ځکه چې د مس عینک د خلکو په غیاب کې تر سره شوی دی. د تیرو ۱۳ شکایتونو ځوابونه باید زموږ پر وړاندې شوي وي.</p>	Mohammad Nazir, Khan Mohammad and Fazil Rabi (from Wali Baba, Koz Chinari)	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
2	<p>The valuation for houses in Koz Chinari was done in our absence and this is not acceptable to us.</p> <p>د کوز چیناری د میشتو خلکو جوړ او وړان کورونه دولت په غیاب کې سروی او قیمت گذاری کړی دی چې دا خلکو ته د منلو وړ ندی.</p>	Koz Chinari Fazal Rabi	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the

	تیري فیصلی او قیمت گذاری خلکو ته د منلو وړ ندی		complaint to MoMP high management.
3	Size of each family (number of person/family) in Aynak affected villages has not been yet determined. د مس عینک د هر کلي د کورنیو تعداد د مس عینک د نماینده گانو لخوا دولت ته ورکول شوي خو لا تراوسه ندی تثبیت شوي. د هر کلي د کورنیو تعداد باید مشخص شي	Mal Mirajan (Wali Baba)	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
4	The government is supposed to distribute 10 Jarib of Agriculture land for each of the affected families. Where the land is located and what is the timetable for distribution? تاسو یعنی دولت د مس عینک متضررو خلکو ته لس لس جریبه ځمکه ورکوي دا څه وخت او په کوم ځای کې ورکوي. د دولت د وعدو نه عملي کیدل به د مس عینک د خلکو او دولت ترمنځ د بی باوري فضا را مننځته شي باید د ځمکې ورکولو ځای او وخت تعیین کړي.	Gul Mohammad and Haji Mirdad گل محمد او حاجی میرداد	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
5	We want 10 Jarib of agriculture land not grade 7 (land). This is not acceptable to us. مونږ لس جریبه زراعتی ځمکه غواړو نه اوومه درجه ځمکه اوومه درجه ځمکه په زراعتي ځمکو کې نه راځي او اوومه درجه ځمکه مونږ ته د منلو وړنده.	Fazal Rabi فضل الربی	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
6	Since 3 years, the affected people from Wali Baba are relocated and have no access to basic and social services. Government shall resolve this and provide compensation for PAPs for the losses during the previous three years. دري کاله کیري چی د ولی بابا کلي دولت گډه کړي دي او لا تراوسه بی سرنوشته به کرایه کورونو او خیمو لاندی ژوند کوي او د څښاک اوبه، هدیره، جماعت، مکتب او د ژوند له نورو اسانتیاوو څخه بی برخي پاتي دي. له دی قضیې څخه مو دا پوه ده چی دولت د مس عینک د خلکو پر وړاندی ریښتني ندی. دولت باید د ولی بابا د کلي د خلکو سرنوشت و ټاکي او ددوي ملکیت دری کاله له حاصله غورځیدلي باید خساره بی ورکول شي	ولی بابا جنت گل- محمدنذیر Janat Gul and Mohammad Nazir from Wali Baba village	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
7	As per the Mineral Law, priority in employment shall be given to local, but PMU and other agencies do not follow the law. They have employed other people as driver, cook, etc. د معدنیاتو په قانون کی د کار کولو حق اولیت لرو خو PMU او نوری اداري	ولی بابا او کوز چیناری فضل الربی – محمد نذیر Fazal Rabi and	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the

	<p>پرې سترگې پټوې او د مس عینک کې یو لړ پوستونه لکه ډرېورې، آسپزې، چوکیداري او نورې مسلکي دندې نورو خلکو ته ورکول شوي دي. زموږ مسلکي کسان یې کاره گرځي او په کورنو کې ناست دي باید زموږ ټول مسلکي او با استعداد خلک په دنده وگمارل شي.</p>	<p>Mohammad Nazir from Wali Baba and Koz Chinary villages</p>	<p>complaint to MoMP high management.</p>
8	<p>Community from Koz Chinary will not leave their village until the government meets their demands. Government shall provide compensation for our residential houses, orchards, and agriculture land.</p> <p>په مس عینک کې میشت د کوز چیناری خلک وايي که زموږ ټولې غوښتنې و نه منل شي موږ خپل پلرني ټاټوبي نه پرېږدو دولت باید مونږ ته زموږ په خوبه له هر څه مخکې زموږ د کورونو قیمت او زموږ د ځمکو باغونه او نورو قیمت راکړي د هر څه قیمت دی د خلکو پر وړاندې وشي.</p>	<p>کوز چیناری عبدالباقي – عبدالمتین – جانباز Abdul Baqi, Abdul Matin and Janbaz from Koz Chinary village</p>	<p>PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.</p>
9	<p>For provision of services in relocated site, a total of 4.5 million USD allocated. How much money has been spent yet and How much are now left?</p> <p>د مس عینک د متضررو کورنیو د ښارگوټی لپاره 4.5 میلیونه امریکایي ډالره منظور شوي دي د پیسو څومره لگول شوي او څومره پاتې دي. تر څو د روڼتیا او باور فضا را منځته شي د اصحاب بابا په ښارگوټی کې باید ټول لگښت موږ ته را په گوته شي.</p>	<p>همیشه گل- خان محمد Hamisha Gul and Khan Mohammad from Wali Baba village.</p>	<p>PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.</p>
10	<p>Responses to complaints (previous) were in Dari, and most of the people cannot read Dari.</p> <p>ځوابونه علاوه چې د قناعت وړندي بل په فارسي لیکل شوي دي تاسو په دی ښه پوه یاست چې د سیمې خلک پښتانه او تعلیمي کچه یې هم ټیټه ده، ټول خلک به د هغه څخه څه مطلب تر لاسه کړي. د موږ پوهه داده چې خلک به داسې حال کې پاتې شي چې د حالتو څخه خبر نه وي.</p>	<p>د کلیوالو له خوا From Wali baba and Koz Chinary villagers</p>	<p>PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.</p>
11	<p>Wali Baba is the first village relocated from Aynak, but priority in distribution of plot has been planned to other people, who do not currently live in Aynak.</p> <p>د عینک څخه اول ځل د ولې بابا خلک یې ځایه شوي خو بر خلاف د نمر و توزیع د هغه خلکو څخه کیږي چې هغه به اوس وخت کې هلته کورونه نه وو موجود دا یو ډول بی اعتمادی زموږ په منځ کې راوړی. خلک دولتي کړنو ته د شک په سترگه گوري. زموږ پېشنهاد دادی چې اول ځل یو کلی په ځای شي او په ترتیب بیا نورو ته نمری توزیع شي دا به یو اطمینان او کامیابی وي.</p>	<p>د ولې بابا د خلکو لخوا From the people of Wali baba village.</p>	<p>PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.</p>
12	<p>If a powerful commission establish and listen to problems carefully, these problems can be solved in a day or two. There will be further issues raised, in case of additional time</p>	<p>د کوز چیناری – ولې بابا او نورو کلیوالو لخوا</p>	<p>PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of</p>

	spend on complaints handling. که چیرې یو ځل داسې با صلاحیت کمیسیون جوړ شی او هغه دا مشکلات په غور سره واورې نو دا مشکل به یو یا دوو ورځو کې حل شي او که وخت په شک کې کیږي به دې کارونو زیات ورکړل شي نو اضافي خبرې او خلک زموږ پوهه داده چې هر څوک هر څه چې اوري هغه داځکه کوي چې دا زموږ به حق تیري او ظلم دي.	From Koz Chinary, Wali baba and other villages villagers	GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
13	There shall be a fixed timetable for activities (RAP implementation). Which activity to be done and when. که چیرې موږ ته داسې وعده وکړل شي چې تر یو معین تاریخ د ستاسې کوم او کوم کارونه خلاصوو دا به زموږ لپاره یو اطمینان وي او هم زموږ د خلکو په دولت اعتماد زیاد شي. زموږ پوهه داده چې که هر کار په ښه توګه وشي زموږ یوه ملی پروژه به کامیاب شي. که دا کارونه د کور د ځمکو او د نور څه چې غواړي هغه په یو معین وخت وشي دا به یوښه لاس ته راوړنه او زموږ او هم د دولت لپاره وي.	د عینک د سیمې د خلکو له خوا From the people of Aynak area	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.
14	The authority shall not talk to one person. They shall communicate with CDC. زمونږ یو ځایله له دولتي چارواکو او مسوولینو څخه داده چې دوی د یو کس سره د قوم به هکله خبرې و نکړي ځکه دا ښه پایله نلري او که وي هم د ابه ډیر کم وخت نتیجه ورکړي او په راتلونکي که به ستونزې زیاتې شي. موږ پوهه داده چې د شورا او مشرانو سره به جمعي توګه خبرې وشي نه یو کس سره. زموږ ارزو داده چې خلکو ته یو داسې کار کول چې هغوی اطمینان ورکړل شي چې ستاسې حقوق محفوظ ساتل شوي دي.	Villagers from Aynak	PAFs representatives (CDC) not satisfied with response of GRC, head of GRC will refer the complaint to MoMP high management.

Table 4.3 -the third batch of complaints (12 complaints)

No	Complaint s (details)	Complainants	Responses (GRC)
1	Aynak area security police build the security check points in our lands and do not let us for gathering fire woods. Police must to have consultation with villagers for betterness of security.	Villagers from Bato Khil village	Still not addressed by GRC.
2	Security Police blocked ways of our village to other villages and do not let us to move from our village to other villages and also do not let our Shepherd to graze sheep in the area, therefore we left our village.	Villagers from Bato Khil village	Still not addressed by GRC.

3	Security Police don't let us to go from our village to other villages, don't let our cars to bring food form market, by coming MCC company our ways and roads blocked and any one from MoMP didn't visit our village to know about our problems.	Hokom Khan, Mashek and Yasin from Bato Khil village	Still not addressed by GRC.
4	Wali Baba villagers left their village but still they didn't received complete compensation and residential plots. This is a lesson learned for us and we will never move from our village until we receive complete compensation.	Pachi Village residents	Still not addressed by GRC.
5	Security Police don't let us to graze our animals and collect fire woods around the area.	Marjan, Akbar Khan and Wali Jan residents of Pachi village	Still not addressed by GRC.
6	Security police check points blocked the road to our village for cars and tracks which are bringing food and other necessary materials to our village, this is a big problem to our villagers.	Pachi Village residents	Still not addressed by GRC.
7	Aynak Mine Security police are walking in our village without any reason and it create problems to us	Pachi Village residents	Still not addressed by GRC.
8	NSP is working in all villages of Afghanistan including Mohammad Agha district villages, but is not working in our villages, because MoMP has resettlement plan for us. We request MoMP to share our problems with MRRD/NSP, so they could help us like they helping others in country.	CDC members of Aynak area	Still not addressed by GRC.
9	We suggest MoMP to form a committee consisting: representative of MoMP, representative of Mohammad district governor, representative of Logar provincial Governor, representative of Aynak area villagers, representative of Civil society, representative from World Bank and representative from MCC company, to work on our problem and solve it otherwise Aynak authority cannot	Wali Baba villagers	Still not addressed by GRC.

	solve our problem.		
10	In previous time the Governments were helping affected people, but this time Government is not helping us and not giving our compensation of losing assets.	Wali baba and Koz Chinari villages residents	Still not addressed by GRC.
11	During winter the roads of our villages block because of snow and mining company is no helping us for removing of snow, therefore we face with problems in moving the area.	Koz Chinari, Bar Chinari and Pachi villages residents	Still not addressed by GRC.
12	There is no school, and clinic in our area any one is not helping us even any one is not coming to our village for children and women vaccination in spite of assets losing we have lost basic facilities.	Koz Chinari, Bar Chinari and Pachi villages residents	Still not addressed by GRC.

<i>Table 4.4 -the fourth batch of complaints (6 complaints)</i>			
No	Complaint s (details)	Complainants	Responses (GRC)
1	It was discussed in GRC that there are repeated complains, the reason for this repetition is that GRC didn't solve our problems and not convinced the complainers. We will follow complains until we receive complete compensation of our lost assets.	Koz Chinari and Wali baba villagers	Still not addressed by GRC.
2	Head and members of GRC must to visit our village and see our problems; they will find weather the presented complains are true or false. Then the committee can have their judgment regarding complains. Provincial council elected by all district people and they have responsibilities to advocate on people rights, we hope that they send a delegation to our area, check our problems, if the people are complaining without reason they can convince people and if Government is not considering people complains they should convince government for giving PAFs rights.	From the residents of Wali baba, Koz Chinari and Pachi	Still not addressed by GRC.

3	We have complaint form provincial council members, they are representatives of people they should come to the ground and find blamed party, if the blame is with Aynak people then they can convince them or if the problem is with MoMP and MCC then they are the third party and can easily find through way.	Residents of Aynak area	Still not addressed by GRC.
4	Aynak Authority tell us that the decisions regarding RAP are made by all Ministries council, we are looking that the decision about other issues and mines are made through MoMP, this difference is confusing us and we thing that who prepare information to the all ministries council are not through and according reality.	Koz Chinari and Bar Chinari villagers	Still not addressed by GRC.
5	You were promised to identify an office in Mhammad Agha district for absent families registration, but now it decided that provincial emigration department should confirm absent families which is making problems for us.	From residents of Koz Chinari, Wali baba and Pachi villages	Still not addressed by GRC.
6	Because of our resettlement plan this is 5 th year that we have no school for our children and clinic for our patients and we are waiting to reset in new township and then will have school and clinic do MoMP and GRC think this and do you can accept this situation for your children?	Form the residents of Koz Chinari and Pachi villages	Still not addressed by GRC.

Annex 5 -Complaints Analysis Sheet

S/N	Complainers	Type of Complain	Number of complains for each type	Decision/Answer to complain	Remarks
1	Wali Baba, Koz Chinaray and Bar Chinaray villagers	<p>A group of complaints are regarding social issue and reasons of delay in compensation for example PAFs complained that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a- The head of GRC is not inviting our CDC to participate in GRC meeting; in this case any decision of GRC will not be acceptable for us. b- GRC had some decisions in absence of our representatives and we will never accept any decision which is taken without our involvement. c- That GRC have no full authority to solve our problems and we request that an authorized committee should be formed to sit with us and solve our problems. d- We must to be involved in selected township infrastructure projects monitoring and its budget controlling process. e- Logar provincial council members are elected by all people, they have responsibility to advocate in their favor in every field, they can play a considerable role in getting PAFs compensation, we request MoMP to involve them for solving of our compensation issue. f- We as villagers submitted the list of all project affected people to MoMP, but they are not accepting our list. g- All ministerial council decided regarding our compensation package, but the information regarding lost of our assets prepared without our involvement and we think that this information is not trough, and why all ministerial council is deciding regarding Aynak 	15 complains are related to this topic	The GRC have addressed and answered 2 of the mentioned type complaints but as mentioned that PAFs are not satisfy with the answers.	
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		<p>compensation and regarding other places and issue the decision is with MoMP?</p> <p>h- GRC is mentioning that some of our complaints are repeatedly; it is because the decisions of GRC for our first time complaints are not acceptable for us and we will continue our complaints until we receive complete compensation.</p>			
2	<p>Wali Baba, Koz Chinaray, Bar Chinaray and Pachi villagers</p>	<p>Complaints in this group consist of those complaints which are related to compensation and delay in compensation such as:</p> <p>a- This is 4th year that we left our houses and land; we have no any agriculture activities on our land. Although we received the compensation of our houses, but in these three years we live in rental houses and have spent the received money. We have no more economic ability to construct houses if we get residential plots. Our other big concerns is that in this long time there is no school, all of our children become illiterate, we have no health facility in our area even the vaccination program doctors are also not coming to our village.</p> <p>b- The MCC Company should compensate us according to International norms for Mine affected communities.</p> <p>c- The 10 jeribs agriculture land of grade 7 is not acceptable for us, this land must to be compensated by fertile agriculture land. Also they mentioned that the land must to be distributed soon because they would like to have agriculture activities on their land.</p> <p>d- Previously the governments were helping affected people, but now the government is not giving our lost assets compensation.</p> <p>e- The MoMP is not giving our</p>	16	<p>The GRC had addressed and responded 4 complaints of this type grievances but still PAFs are not satisfy with the responses. Answers.</p>	

		compensation and MRRD/NSP is not helping us because they think that the village will be moved to other place, this is another loss of benifite we request once again for our residential plots and agriculture land distribution to get NSP's support also.			
3	Wali Baba, Koz Chinaray, Bar Chinaray, Bato Khil and Pachi villages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a- The security police make problems in going and coming to the village and other villages also we cannot bring trucks to village when we like to bring our needed materials to the village. b- The security police check posts don't allow our shepherds for animals graze in the area. Also they don't allow us to gather firewood form the area. c- During the winter our village road become close because of sow, any one is not helping us. 	9	The GRC have addressed/responded 1 of this type of complaints.	
4	Wali Baba, Koz Chinaray villages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a- No one of our villagers hired in official posts of Aynak mine office and also we have some skill persons like cook, driver, but Aynak authority have no interest to hire our villagers. 	2	Not addressed	
5	Pachi, Bar Chinaray , Koz Chinaray and Wali Baba villages	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a- It was promised to form an office in the district for absent families' registration and confirmation, but still there is no any office in the district or in the province. b- Our CDC must to be formed in all Governmental offices and departments. 	4	Not addressed	

Annex 6- photos



Picture above showing the mobilization meeting with mine affected families (both women & men)



Picture above showing CDC election votes accounting process in the community (both women & men)



View of CDC meetings and mobilization process for Wali Baba and Koz Chinari villages



Najibullah Atiqi (IRC)- Stakeholder workshop (December 2013)



H.E Nasir Ahmad Durani- Deputy Minister MoMP- stakeholder workshop (Dec- 2013)



Stakeholder Workshop, December 2013



Stakeholder Workshop, December 2013



Aynak Authority officials participated in CDC election process