

Report Number: ICRR11122

| 1. Project Data: | Date Posted: 02/05/2002 | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| PROJ ID | : P038391 | | Appraisal | Actual | |
| Project Name | : Education Rehabilitation Project | Project Costs (US\$M) | 12.6 | 11.29 | |
| Country | : Macedonia | Loan/Credit (US\$M) | 5 | 4.91 | |
| Sector(s) | : Board: ED - Primary education (92%), Tertiary education (4%), Central government administration (4%) | Cofinancing (US\$M) | 6.4 | 6.4 | |
| L/C Number: C2982 | | | | | |
| | | Board Approval (FY) | | 97 | |
| Partners involved : | Netherlands, Switzerland, Soros Foundation | Closing Date | 12/31/1999 | 03/31/2001 | |
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| Prepared by: | Reviewed by: | Group Manager: | Group: | | |
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2. Project Objectives and Components

a. Objectives

The project was to (a) improve the learning environment in high poverty and predominantly rural areas; (b) improve the quality of educational inputs; and (c) strengthen the Education and Physical Culture Ministry's capacity to carry out teacher training, student assessment and curriculum development.

b. Components

The learning environment improvement was to be achieved through rehabilitating and furnishing 50-56 dilapidated and dangerous primary schools in poverty areas. Quality improvement was to be achieved through facilitating teacher training reform and a new system for producing and financing piloted textbooks. Institutions were to be strengthened through piloting a new teacher-in-service training strategy, developing capacity for student assessment covering core primary subjects, and establishing a school mapping database.

c. Comments on Project Cost, Financing and Dates

The project closed 15 months later than expected and disbursed almost completely.

3. Achievement of Relevant Objectives:

Objectives were achieved only to a limited extent. Of the 56 dilapidated and dangerous schools identified during appraisal, only 34 were rehabilitated; it is uncertain how the learning environment improved in these 34 schools or in those that continued to be in deteriorating condition. With respect to quality of education, achievements were also minor. Textbooks were developed for grade 4 only, and the private-sector publishing capacity remained limited. A textbook approval board developed a transparent procurement system but was eventually abolished, and no textbook rental schemes or sustainable textbook provision measures were developed. An innovative teacher training component was deleted, and funds for it were reallocated for other activities. Institutional capacity was developed to carry out national learning achievement tests, and considerable technical expertise was acquired through technical assistance. A beneficiary assessment showed that recipients of project inputs were appreciative, but greater professionalization was expected in the implementation of future projects.

4. Significant Outcomes/Impacts:

About 41,290 textbooks in four languages were distributed for grade 4 students, and the achievement unit made it possible for FYR Macedonia to participate in the International Third Measurement of Mathematics and Science Performance program for the purpose of international comparisons. (Despite the developed capacity, a baseline student performance evaluation was not carried out.)

5. Significant Shortcomings (including non-compliance with safeguard policies):

This was the first education project in FYR Macedonia. The project implementation unit had no experience with Bank procurement, and many decisions faced lengthy delays. Staff found it hard to deal with the requirements of multiple donors (who were involved because the government refused IBRD funds for construction). The school rehabilitation took longer than anticipated to carry out and cost about 37% more than estimated. The project was subjected to much political influence and control; following the 1998 election of a new government, almost all project staff were

replaced, and the textbook approval board was abolished. Choice of schools for rehabilitation and textbook distribution were also subject to political considerations.

| 6. Ratings: | ICR | OED Review | Reason for Disagreement /Comments |
|----------------------|--------------|------------------------------|---|
| Outcome: | Satisfactory | Moderately Unsatisfactory | Only one component of the institutional development objective was clearly achieved; other objectives or components were not or only partially achieved. |
| Institutional Dev .: | Modest | Modest | |
| Sustainability: | Likely | Non-evaluable | The unstable political conditions make it impossible to evaluate sustainability at this time |
| Bank Performance : | Satisfactory | Unsatisfactory | QAG rated quality at entry as marginal; team changes in the Bank resulted in periods of limited supervision. |
| Borrower Perf .: | Satisfactory | Unsatisfactory | Project implementation was driven by political rather than learning objectives |
| Quality of ICR : | | Satisfactory | |

NOTE: ICR rating values flagged with '*' don't comply with OP/BP 13.55, but are listed for completeness.

7. Lessons of Broad Applicability:

- Heavy political control may negatively affect project implementation, particularly in cases where implementation capacity is limited. The Bank should insist on clear, performance-based hiring and firing criteria for project staff.
- High-quality technical assistance that is focused on outcomes may create national technical expertise, particularly when counterpart staff are motivated, and when there are clear opportunities to apply the expertise.
- Innovative components that require the development of new institutions (such as a teacher training resource center) may fail due to a lack of support from existing institutions. Rather than creating radical changes, capacity building for innovation might start within existing structures.
- 8. Assessment Recommended? Yes No.

Why? This is the first project in FYROM; OED ratings do not agree with the ratings of the region .

9. Comments on Quality of ICR:

The ICR is satisfactory; it provides enough detail on various components to make rating possible .