PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31 DECEMBER 2018

PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

CONTENTS	Page
Independent Auditor's report	1-3
Financial Statements	
Statement of comprehensive income	4
Statement of financial position	5
Cash flow statement	6
Statement of changes in equity	7
Notes to the financial statements	8-30



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Public Enterprise for State Roads ("the Enterprise"), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as at 31 December 2018, and the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of changes in equity and Cash flow statement for the period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management of the Enterprise for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards which are accepted in the Republic of Macedonia and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Audit Law and International Standards on Auditing which are accepted and published in the Official gazette of the Republic of Macedonia (79/2010). Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting polices used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued) TO THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

Basis for qualified opinion

As it is described in Note 3.8. to the financial statements, the Enterprise has systematically revalued its property and equipment, in the previous years, by applying official uniformed revaluation coefficient based on the manufacturer's price increase index. In our opinion, this method of revaluation, does not comply with IAS 16, which requires property and equipment to be measured at cost less for any accumulated depreciation or by up to date fair value estimated by professional and qualified valuers. Owing to the fact that the Enterprise did not prepared the required information for the PPE fair value according to IAS, we were not able to obtain reasonable assurance as to their valuation.

As it is presented in Note 19 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2018, the Enterprise has capitalized foreign exchange losses, arising from payment in USD currency to one of the contractors of the projects in amount of 807,645 thousands of MKD as construction in progress. This type of recording was carried out in accordance with the Report and the requirement of the State Audit Office. According to our opinion and the IAS accepted in Republic of Macedonia (IAS 16; IAS 23 and IAS 21), there is no possibility for capitalization of foreign exchange differences arising from the settlement of liabilities in foreign currency into the cost of the assets. They should be recognized in the current profit or loss. According to the previous, the current profit is overstated for an amount of 807,645 thousands of MKD, as well as the cost of construction in progress. Our report for the financial statements for the previous year was also qualified for the same reason for the amount of 487,920 thousands of MKD.

As it is presented in Note 19 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2018, the Enterprise has construction in progress in municipality roads in amount of 4,227,607 thousands of MKD which are financed under IBRD and EBRD Loans for the Project for improvement of current regional and municipality roads. Municipality roads which are in jurisdiction of the municipalities should be transferred to the them after its construction completion and technical acceptance i.e. financial transfer of these municipality roads should be done. These roads are still recorded in the financial evidence of the Enterprise. Because of the previous, we were not able to obtain reasonable assurance as to presented construction in progress.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)
TO THE
MANAGEMENT OF THE
PUBLIC ENTERPRISE FOR STATE ROADS

Qualified opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects described in the preceding paragraph "Basis for qualified opinion", if any, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Enterprise for state roads as of 31 December 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accounting standards which are accepted in the Republic of Macedonia.

Emphasis of matter

As it is presented in Notes 19 and 24 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2018, the Enterprise has property in progress – construction of highway Kicevo – Ohrid in total amount of 17,701,901 thousands of MKD which investment is still not finished and also the time limit for utilization of the loan funds from Export-Import Bank China has passed at the beginning of 2019. Due to the fact that as at the date of this report, no Appendix has been made for extension of the period and amount of the Loan agreement, we draw attention to the importance of this issu for the financial statements of the Enterprise in the future period because of existence of risk for disinvesting of the assets in progress.

Skopje, 27 June 2019

Certified Auditor

Manager and Certified Auditor

Goce Hristoy

Antonio Veljanov

	Notes	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Revenues from allowances	8	7,030,648	6,415,543
Other income	9	48,853 7,079,501	48,033 6,463,576
Costs from basic activities	10	(4.067.800)	(1 100 740)
Depreciation	10	(1,067,800) (1,680,553)	(1,198,748) (1,590,146)
Employees costs Other costs	11 12	(259,362) (433,673)	(210,332) (337,378)
Provisions	12	(27,530)	(337,376)
OPERATING PROFIT		3,610,583	3,126,972
Financing income	13	574,290	2,533,721
Financing expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	14	(1,685,615) 2,499,258	(134,834)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,499,256	5,525,859
Income tax	22	-	(346,979)
NET PROFIT		2,499,258	5,178,880
Other comprehensive income		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		2,499,258	5,178,880

Skopje, 12.03.2019



	Notes	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
ASSETS			_
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	15	3,036,905	2,575,703
Loans given (Current part)	17	13,977	13,982
Income tax receivables and other current assets		320,605	6,834
Accrued income	10	31,233	23,315
Inventories	16	1,371	1,395
Total current assets		3,404,091	2,621,229
Non-Current assets			
Loans given	17	62,894	76,852
Advances for Property and Equipment	18	3,317,213	4,246,450
Intangible assets	20	23,015	28,081
Property and Equipment	19	87,563,473	77,742,502
Total Non-current assets		90,966,595	82,093,885
TOTAL ASSETS		94,370,686	84,715,114
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Trade Payables	21	3,681,829	2,005,008
Current maturities of long term interest bearing		, ,	, ,
borrowings	24	1,964,342	1,307,441
Other liabilities	22	361,022	453,004
Provisions	27	136,918	132,441
Total Current liabilities		6,144,111	3,897,894
Non-Current liabilities			
Government grants (deferred income)	23	792,481	799,824
Long term interest bearing borrowings	24	35,003,070	30,085,630
Total Non-Current liabilities		35,795,551	30,885,454
Total liabilities		41,939,662	34,783,348
Equity			
State owned capital	25	5,000	5,000
Revaluation reserves	_0	9,796,453	9,796,453
Accumulated profit (loss)		42,629,571	40,130,313
Total equity		52,431,024	49,931,766
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		94,370,686	84,715,114
		, -,	, -, -

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Cash inflows from allowances Cash inflows from other operating activities Payments to suppliers for basic activities Paid wages Payments for other operating expenses Paid income tax Received interest	7,022,730 (287,500) (1,043,869) (259,362) (433,322) (167,186) 7,549	6,452,123 22,451 (1,210,104) (210,332) (337,425) (377,428) 3,759
Net cash flow from operating activities	4,839,040	4,343,044
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Loans given/collected to other entities Acquisition of intangible assets Acquisition of PPE Paid advances for PPE, net	13,963 (4,048) (9,824,433) 929,237	12,151 (24,311) (9,402,542) 1,299,102
Net cash flow from investing activities	(8,885,281)	(8,115,600)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Paid interest Received/Repaid long-term borrowings, net	(22,772) 4,530,215	(34,759) 4,315,293
Net cash flow from financing activities	4,507,443	4,280,534
Net increase (decrease) of cash and cash equivalents	461,202	507,978
Cash and cash equivalents at the begging of the year	2,575,703	2,067,725
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,036,905	2,575,703

	State owned capital (000) MKD	Revaluation reserve (000) MKD	Reinvested profit (000) MKD	Accumulated profit (loss) (000) MKD	Total equity (000) MKD
Balance as at 1 January 2017 Adjustments	5,000	9,796,453	1,035,873	33,915,560	44,752,886
Balance as at 1 January 2017 - restated	5,000	9,796,453	1,035,873	33,915,560	44,752,886
Profit (loss) for the year Reinvested profit from previous year according to Board of Directors Decision and	-	-	-	5,178,880	5,178,880
Government of RM approval	-	-	2,067,617	(2,067,617)	-
Utilizied reinvested profit	-	-	(1,035,873)	1,035,873	-
Balance as at 31 December 2017	5,000	9,796,453	2,067,617	38,062,696	49,931,766
Balance as at 1 January 2018 Reconciliation	5,000	9,796,453	2,067,617	38,062,696	49,931,766 -
Balance as at 1 January 2018	5,000	9,796,453	2,067,617	38,062,696	49,931,766
Profit (loss) for the year Reinvested profit from previous year according to Board of Directors Decision and	-	-	-	2,499,258	2,499,258
Government of RM approval	-	-	5,178,880	(5,178,880)	-
Utilizied reinvested profit			(2,067,617)	2,067,617	
Balance as at 31 December 2018	5,000	9,796,453	5,178,880	37,450,691	52,431,024

1. Basic information and activity

The Public enterprise for state roads, previous Agency for state roads ("The Enterprise") was founded according to the Law on Public Enterprises and it is engaged in managing, maintenance, repairs, development and improvement of the state (national and regional) roads in the Republic of Macedonia.

Specifically, the Enterprise is engaged in the following activities:

- management with the state roads;
- development, maintenance, follow-up and monitoring of state roads;
- investment activities relating to public roads;
- encumber with debts in domestic and foreign financial institutions for financing of its activities and
- · other activities relating to the Law.

According to the Law on Public Roads, the financing of the Enterprise activities is provided with the following allowances:

- transfers from the State Budget (part of the oil derivates tax);
- allowances for motor vehicles utilization of public roads, which is collected by vehicles registration;
- allowances for utilization of national and regional roads (pay toll);
- allowances for advertising billboards, connecting of access roads to state roads, setting of installations on roads, construction and using of commercial premises on state roads, over usage of state roads, extraordinary transport, claims for damages on roads:
- borrowings and loans and
- other allowances according to the Law;

Total number of employees of the Enterprise as at 31 December 2018 is 447 employees (2017: 386 employees).

The Enterprise head office is at St. Dame Gruev No.14 in Skopje.

2. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

2.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements set on pages 4 to 30 are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) which were published in the Official gazette of the Republic of Macedonia No.159/2009 and became effective from 1 January 2010.

The financial statements were prepared for the period ending 31 December 2018 and 2017. The figures for the current and the previous period are shown in thousands of Macedonian denars (000 MKD). Where appropriate, comparative figures have been adjusted and harmonized, in order to match the current year presentation.

2.2. Basic accounting methods

The financial statements are prepared based on the principal of cost.

2.3. Accounting estimates and judgements

The Enterprise is applying certain accounting estimates and judgments during the process of preparation of the financial statements. Certain items in the financial statements, which can not to be accurately measured, are estimated. The estimation process includes judgments based on the latest available information.

Estimates are used in determining the useful life's of assets, fair value of receivables or their uncollectibility, inventory obsolesce, fair value of investments available for sale etc.

During the periods, certain estimates can be revised if there are changes in the circumstances on which the estimation was based or as a result of new information, grater experience and subsequent events.

The effects of the changes in the accounting estimates are included in the net profit or loss for the period as well as in the future periods on which the change takes effect or the both.

2.4. Going concern concept

The financial statements are prepared based on the going concern concept which means that the Enterprise will continue to operate in the future on a continuing basis. The Enterprise has neither intention nor need to liquidate or restrict significantly the scope of its operations.

3. Basic accounting policies and estimates

3.1. Recognition of revenues

Revenues are recognized when there is a probability for future inflows for the Enterprise and when it can be measured reliably. Enterprise's revenues are benefits received during the period which are provided in the normal course of business and result in equity increase.

The Enterprise revenues arise from the allowances according to the Law on Public Roads, mentioned in Note 1.

Interest income is recognized on a time basis, by reference of the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable.

3.2. Recognition of expenses

Expenses are recognized when there is a probability for future outflows, connected with decrease of certain asset or increase of liability for the Enterprise and when it can be measured reliably. Expenses are recognized on the basis of matching concept meaning connection between the realized expenses and earning of revenues.

3.3. Foreign currencies

The Enterprise is keeping records and preparing financial statements in Macedonian denars (MKD). Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated and shown in the financial statements at exchange rate ruling at the end of the year.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation of foreign currency assets and liabilities during the year are included in the income statement as financing income or expenses.

Most of the Enterprise's transactions are in EUR and USD. The exchange rates ruling at 31 December in 2018 and 2017 for EUR and USD are as it follows:

In MKD	1 EUR	1 USD
31 December 2018	61.4950 MKD	53.6887 MKD
31 December 2017	61.4907 MKD	51.2722 MKD

3.4. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried out in the balance sheet at cost. For the purposes of these financial statements, cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash in hand, cash in banks denar and foreign currency accounts, demand deposits and time deposits with maturity up to three months.

3.5. Receivables for advances

Receivables for advances are carried out at their nominal value, less for provision for bad and doubtful receivables and are consist of advances to contractors for day-to-day and investment maintenance.

3.6. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes all costs to bring the inventories to their present condition and location.

Net realisable value is selling price less cost to complete the inventory and sell it.

3.7. Advances for property and equipment

Advances for property and equipment are comprised of payments in advance to suppliers for fixed assets (construction companies) and are stated at their nominal value, less impairment losses.

3.8. Property and equipment

(1) Basic presentation

Initially, property and equipment are carried out at cost. Cost includes invoiced value and all other costs to bring the fixed assets to their present condition and location.

Subsequently, until 2012, property and equipment were revalue at each year-end using uniformed prescribed revaluation coefficient based on the manufacturer's price increase index which is applied to historical cost or later revaluations and to the accumulated depreciation and which is published by the State statistics office. Starting form 01.01.2013 this type of revaluation is no longer calculated.

The effects of revaluation of property and equipment are credited to revaluation reserves. The depreciation is charged on the previous year's re-valued property and equipment figures commencing with the following year.

3.8. Property and equipment (Continued)

(2) Depreciation

Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis at prescribed rates to allocate the revalue cost of the property and equipment over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is not charge to the property and equipment in progress until they are put in to use.

The basic depreciation annual rates used in 2018 compare to 2017 are as follows:

Asset	2018	2017
Property	1 %	1 %
National Roads (motorways)	7 %	7 %
Regional Roads	3 %	3 %
Computer equipment	20 %	20 %
Other equipment	12 %	12 %
Motor vehicles	15 %	15 %

3.9. Trade payables

Trade payables are stated at their nominal value (cost).

Trade payables are written off by crediting other revenues, after the expiration of the legal maturity period or by off-court agreement between parties.

3.10. Borrowings

Borrowings represent short-term and long-term interest bearing borrowings stated at their nominal value. The amounts of the interest agreed are shown as financing expenses in the income statement and as short-term financial liabilities in the balance sheet.

Foreign interest bearing borrowings are stated at the exchange rate at 31st December, and losses or gains of exchange are stated as financial revenues or expenses.

Details of the movements on long-term interest bearing borrowings are set-out in note 24 to the financial statements.

3.11. State-owned capital

The state-owned capital as at 31 December 2012 represents the state capital of the Enterprise in amount of 38,926,796 thousands of MKD.

Changes in the state-owned capital till 31 December 2012 comprise of revaluation reserves from revaluation of the property, plant and equipment, realized profits and losses, revaluation adjustments and other corrections.

As at 01.01.2013 the former Agency for state roads has been transformed into Public Enterprise for State Roads with basic capital in amount of 5,000 thousands of MKD in cash. Based on this, adjustment in the amount of basic capital has been made.

Owner of the Enterprise is the Government of the Republic of Macedonia. The assets for the basic capital arise from the cash on the bank accounts of the Agency for state roads which were balance on the opening date of the Enterprise account.

3.12. Provisions

Provisions (uncertain liabilities) are recognized when the Enterprise has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, for example through insurance agreements, the reimbursement is recognized as an asset when, and only when, it is virtually certain that the reimbursement will be received. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the income statement net of the amount recognized for a reimbursement. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision shall be the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using pre-tax rates that reflects current market assessments.

3.13. Contingencies

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Enterprise. Contingent liability is not recognized in the financial statements, only are disclosed.

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Enterprise. Contingent asset are recognized only when the realization of income is virtually certain.

3.14. Government grants (deferred income)

Government grants are recognized when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the entity will comply with the grant conditions. Government grants related to assets are presented it the balance sheet at the nominal value and are recognized in the income statement over the life of a depreciable asset.

3.15. Income tax (current and deferred)

Income tax for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is presented in the income statement of the Company.

Current tax is calculated and paid in accordance with Macedonian law on income tax. According to tax legislation, the current income tax is calculate at 10% rate to financial result before taxation presented in the income statement, adjusted for non-deductible expenses and less recognized revenues from related parties (2017: 10%).

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. The tax rates that are currently valid are used in determination of deferred income tax.

4. Risk management

The Enterprise is engaged in different kind of business transactions which derive from its daily activities and which are connected with the customers, suppliers and creditors. The main financial risks to which the Enterprise is exposed during its business and the policies for their management are the following:

4.1. Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

The Enterprise does enter in transactions denominated in foreign currencies, which arise from borrowings in foreign currencies and therefore the Enterprise is exposed to foreign currency risk. The Enterprise has no special policy to avoid this kind of risk as there are no financial instruments in Republic of Macedonia. According to this, the Enterprise is exposed to possible foreign currencies rates fluctuations, whose effect is reported below.

4.2. Interest rate risk

The Enterprise is exposed to risk of interest rate fluctuation, which relates to the loans, borrowings or bank deposits concluded with variable interest rates. The Enterprise is exposed to this kind of risk through used these kinds of borrowings and loans which depends on movements on financial markets and the Enterprise does not hedge against it.

4.3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk includes the risk of being unable to fund its liabilities at appropriate maturities with its cash. This kind of risk is managed by maintaining sufficient cash for regular funding of its committed credit facilities.

4.4. Taxation risk

According to local legislation, the tax authorities may at any time inspect the books and records subsequent to the reported tax year, and may impose additional tax assessments. Up to the date of the Auditors report, inspection for income tax, personnel income tax and contributions on allowances for period 2018 is not yet executed and therefore additional taxes or contributions cannot be assessed reliably.

5. Fair value estimation

The Enterprise has financial assets and liabilities, as well as non-financial assets, for which large number of accounting policies and disclosures require establishing of their fair value.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities generally approximate their carrying amount as most of them have maturity up to one year of the balance sheet date, except for the long-term borrowings, but these liabilities have variable interest rates and therefore it can be considered that their fair value generally approximate their carrying amount.

6. Financial instruments

6.1. Capital risk management

The Enterprise uses long-term loans to finance its operations, in order to provide adequate return of investments. The Enterprise reviews its leverage on a regular basis which as at 31 December 2018 and 2017 is as it follows:

In (000) MKD	2018	2017
Debt	36,967,412	31,393,071
Cash and cash equivalents	(3,036,905)	_(2,575,703)_
Net debt (cash)	33,930,507	28,817,368
Total equity	52,431,024	49,931,766
% of debt	65%	58%

6.2. Foreign currency risk

The Enterprise does enter into transactions in foreign currencies, by using loans in foreign currencies and therefore the Enterprise is exposed to foreign currency risk.

The carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at 31 December 2018 and 2017 is as follows:

	Assets		Liabi	lities
In (000) MKD	2018	2017	2018	2017
EUR	2,048,745	1,464,053	11,702,660	10,450,927
USD	610	501	25,264,752	20,942,144
other	1,969	1,474	_	_
	2,051,324	1,466,028	36,967,412	31,393,071

The Enterprise generally is exposed to EUR and USD. Exposure to foreign currencies at financial liabilities includes loan liabilities from banks with FX clause which repayment in MKD currency depends from the movement of the official exchange rates.

6. Financial instruments (Continued)

6.2. Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the 10% increase or decrease of the Macedonian Denar (MKD) related to the foreign currencies. The analysis has been done based on the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency at the balance sheet date. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and equity and negative number below indicates a decrease.

	+ 10%		- 10	0%
In (000) MKD	2018	2017	2018	2017
EUR	(965,392)	(898,687)	965,392	898,687
USD	(2,526,414)	(2,094,164)	2,526,414	2,094,164
other	197	147	(197)	(147)
Net effect	(3,491,609)	(2,992,704)	3,491,609	2,992,704

6.3. Interest rate risk

The Enterprise is exposed to interest risk arising from deposits and borrowings from banks and other entities, with a variable interest rate clause.

The carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities according to their exposure to interest risk at the end of the year is as follows:

31 December	
2018	2017
1,934	1,870
7,359	6,834
9,293	8,704
ŕ	ŕ
76.871	90,834
	2,573,833
3,111,842	2,664,667
3,121,135	2,673,371
3,681,829	2,005,008
	245,904
	2,250,912
	. ,
11,702,660	10,450,927
	10,450,927
, ,	, ,
25.264.752	20,942,144
	20,942,144
40,946,811	33,643,983
	1,934 7,359 9,293 76,871 3,034,971 3,111,842 3,121,135 3,681,829 297,570 3,979,399 11,702,660 11,702,660 25,264,752 25,264,752

6. Financial instruments (Continued)

6.3. Interest rate risk (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates as a result of a 1% points increase or decrease for the bank deposits and borrowings at the balance sheet date. A positive number below indicates an increase in profit and equity and negative number below indicates a decrease.

	plus 1%	plus 1% points		points
In (000) MKD	2018	2017	2018	2017
Borrowings Bank deposits	(117,027) 769	(104,509) 908	117,027 (769)	104,509 (908)
Net effect	(116,258)	(103,601)	116,258	103,601

6.4. Liquidity risk

The following table details the Enterprise's remaining contractual maturity for its financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2018:

In (000) MKD	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 month	3 to 12 month	Over 12 months	Total
Cash	3,036,905	-	-	-	3,036,905
Given loans	-	-	13,977	62,894	76,871
Other receivables	7,359	-	-	-	7,359
	3,044,264		13,977	62,894	3,121,135
Trade payables	3,681,829	-	-	-	3,681,829
Borrowings	-	221,346	1,742,996	35,003,070	36,967,412
Other payables	297,570	-	-	-	297,570
	3,979,399	221,346	1,742,996	35,003,070	40,946,811

6. Financial instruments (Continued)

6.4. Liquidity risk

The following table details the Enterprise's remaining contractual maturity for its financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2017:

In (000) MKD	Less than 1 month	1 to 3 month	3 to 12 month	Over 12 months	Total
Cash	2,575,703	-	-	-	2,575,703
Given loans	-	-	13,982	76,852	90,834
Other receivables	6,834	-	-	-	6,834
	2,582,537		13,982	76,852	2,673,371
Trade payables	2,005,008	-	_	-	2,005,008
Borrowings	-	251,958	1,055,483	30,085,630	31,393,071
Other payables	245,904	-	-	-	245,904
•	2,250,912	251,958	1,055,483	30,085,630	33,643,983

7. Segment reporting

The Company does not have any segment reporting as it has no obligation for such reporting neither is divided in separate business or geographical segments.

8. REVENUES FROM ALLOWANCES

The revenues from allowances realized according to their types, is as follows:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Revenue from petrol price (State Budget transfers)	2,979,886	2,542,061
Revenue from highway utilization pay-toll	2,494,201	2,381,825
Revenue from motor vehicles registration	1,556,561	1,491,657
Total revenues from allowances	7,030,648	6,415,543

9. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

The other operating income realized according to types, is as follows:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Income from compensations by other entities Income from free of charge assets (Note 19) Income from releasing of provisions Other income	23,322 22,582 - 2,949	20,844 22,582 - 4,607
Total other operating income	48,853	48,033

10. COST FOR BASIC ACTIVITIES

The cost for basic activities realized according to their types, is as follows:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Expenses for road reconstruction and maintenance Transfer of allowances to local communities	767,799 300,001	897,244 301,504
Total cost for basic activities	1,067,800	1,198,748

11. EMPLOYEES EXPENSES

The costs for employees realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Employees wages	235,892	200,255
Severance payments and bonuses	9,224	1,921
Business travel allowances	307	349
Expenses for transport	13,939	7,807
Total	259,362	210,332

12. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

The other operating expenses realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2018	2017
	(000) MKD	(000) MKD
Expenses for monitoring and security of pay tolls	173,712	137,001
Bank fees	31,495	29,271
Public utility services expenses	65,446	44,385
Expenses for motor vehicles association fees	68,280	64,498
Other services	14,760	7,191
Maintenance and repairing expenses	41,198	28,143
Material costs	11,991	12,110
Insurance costs	974	1,245
Representation	923	1,260
Expenses for court litigations	-	-
Other operating expenses	24,894	12,274
Total other operating expenses	433,673	337,378

13. FINANCING INCOME

The financing income realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Interest income	7,549	3,759
Gains on exchange	566,741	2,529,962
Total financing income	574,290	2,533,721

14. FINANCING EXPENSES

The financing expenses realized according to their types, are as follows:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Interest expenses from borrowings	61,484	81,765
Penal interest	12,560	1,577
Loss on exchanges	1,611,571	51,492
Total financing expenses	1,685,615	134,834
The interest expenses according to the creditors, are as follows:	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
IBRD - The World Bank	661	868
EBRD - local and regional roads	4,014	5,644
EIB I	1,257	10,747
EIB II	55,384	64,506
EBRD - ring road	168	-
Total interest expenses	61,484	81,765

15. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Denar accounts at domestic banks	1,060,631	1,198,722
Cash in hand	1,821	1,787
Foreign currency accounts at domestic banks	915,958	647,835
Letters of credit	-	-
Cash in hand - foreign currency	113	83
Foreign exchange accounts in Sparkasse bank	1,058,382	727,276
Total cash and cash equivalents	3,036,905	2,575,703

Foreign exchange accounts in Sparkasse Bank Macedonia AD Skopje as at 31 December 2018 are comprised of withdrawn but still not used cash from foreign creditors and are as follows:

Account (SA) for IBRD Loans	301,500	200,720
Account (SA) for EBRD Loans	756,882	526,556
Total	1,058,382	727,276

16. INVENTORIES

Inventories as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Materials Total inventories	1,371 1,371	1,395 1,395

17. GRANTED LOANS

Loans given to others as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Loans to:		
JP Macedonian Railways	28,440	33,605
Customs office of the RM	48,431_	57,229
	76,871	90,834
Current portion of long term loans	(13,977)	(13,982)
Total loans given	62,894	76,852

Loans given in amount of 62,894 thousands of MKD (2017: 76,852 thousands of MKD) comprise of disbursed fund by the Enterprise from the loan IBRD 4859 MK and at the same time placed to JP Macedonian Railways and Customs Office according to the loan agreement articles.

18. ADVANCES FOR PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Advances given to:	(000) MIKE	(000) IIII(D
Sinohidro Podruznica Skopje	1,912,791	3,549,697
Konstrukciones Rubau Spain	276,735	293,589
GD Granit AD Skopje	487,439	261,986
Aselsan	56,344	86,957
Kompanija Eskavatori DOO	274,595	-
Gradezen Institut Makedonija	259,210	-
Alpine Podruznica Skopje	30,181	30,181
EGIS International	-	2,035
Elcom TDS Sistemi	2,596	3,435
Elektrosoft Skopje	9,047	9,047
Aitoniks	-	7,565
DG Beton AD Skopje	8,275	1,958
Total advances for property and equipment	3,317,213	4,246,450

19. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Changes of property and equipment during 2018 are as follows:

	Buildings (000) MKD	Roads (000) MKD	Equipment (000) MKD	Construction in progress (000) MKD	Total (000) MKD
Cost or revaluation					
Balance as at 1 January	18,654	99,826,610	207,344	33,634,803	133,687,411
Additions	-	1,687,090	1,070	9,804,576	11,492,736
Transfer from P/E in progress	-	28,370	33,671	(62,041)	-
Disposal of fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-
Capitalized exchange rate differences	-	-	-	-	-
Free of charge additions			_		
Balance as at 31 December	18,654	101,542,070	242,085	43,377,338	145,180,147
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as at 1 January	8,754	55,757,106	179,049	_	55,944,909
Depreciation	185	1,662,136	9,117	_	1,671,438
Disposal of fixed assets	-	, , , <u>-</u>	, -	-	-
Free of charge additions	_	_	(3,610)	-	(3,610)
Balance as at 31 December	8,939	57,419,242	184,556	-	57,612,737
Carrying amount as at:					
31.December 2017	9,715	44,122,828	53,592	43,377,338	87,563,473
31.December 2016	9,900	44,069,504	28,295	33,634,803	77,742,502

Construction in progress as at 31 December 2018 in total amount of 43,377,338 thousands of MKD (2017: 33,634,803 thousands of MKD) are comprised of investments in building up to national, regional and local roads.

During 2007, the Agency has made accounting activation of investments in construction, reconstruction and upgrading of several roads in total amount of 682,141 thousands of MKD, which arise from realized projects in the previous years for construction of national and regional roads by the Ministry of transportation with transfers from the State Budget (Telekom assets).

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Changes during 2018:

	Licenses (000) MKD	Software (000) MKD	Total (000) MKD
Cost			
Balance as at 1 January	1,634	36,462	38,096
Additions	-	4,048	4,048
Balance as at 31 December	1,634	40,510	42,144
Accumulated amortization			
Balance as at 1 January	1,634	8,381	10,015
Amortization	-	9,114	9,114
Balance as at 31 December	1,634	17,495	19,129
Carrying amount as at:			
31.December 2018	-	23,015	23,015
31.December 2017		28,081	28,081

21. TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables as at 31 December consist of the following:

	2018 (000) MKD	2017 (000) MKD
Domestic payables for property, equipment and expenses Domestic payables for retained deposits	1,875,743 1,806,086	683,373 1,321,635
Total liabilities to suppliers	3,681,829	2,005,008

Domestic payables in amount of 1,875,743 thousands of MKD mostly include obligations related to unpaid interim statements towards contractor Sinohidro Podruznica Skopje in amount of 1,565,889 thousands of MKD. These liabilities are settled through borrowing from Eksport Import Bank of China (90%), and the other part of (10%) is financed by funds from the Public Enterprise.

Domestic payables for retained deposits to construction companies in amount of 1,806,086 thousands of MKD (2017: 1,321,635 thousands of MKD) arise from interim payment statement for building of roads and represent deposits to contractors as a security for quality performance, which are release at the end of the projects by adequate confirmation.

22. OTHER SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES

The other short-term liabilities as at 31 December consist of the following:

2018	2017
(000) MKD	(000) MKD
-	167,186
287,323	236,051
6,583	6,140
-	-
63,452	39,914
-	-
3,664	3,713
361,022	453,004
	(000) MKD 287,323 6,583 - 63,452 - 3,664

Income tax liabilities in amount of 0 thousands of MKD (2017: 167,186 thousands of MKD) arise from calculated income tax of 10% on financial result presented in the income statement, adjusted for non-deductible expenses and redused by the amount of the reinvested profit in accordance with the tax regualtions in 2018 (2017: 10% income tax calculated on financial result presented in the income statement, adjusted for non-deductible expenses less reinvested profit).

23. GOVERNMENT GRANTS (DEFERRED INCOME)

Government grants as at 31 December consist of following:

	2018	2017
	(000) MKD	(000) MKD
Balance as at 1 January	799,824	795,218
Received grants during the period	15,239	27,188
Released to the income statement	(22,582)	(22,582)
Balance as at 31 December	792,481	799,824

The government grants arise from accounting activation of investments in construction, reconstruction and upgrading of several roads realized by the Ministry of transportation with transfers from the State Budget (Telekom assets) in amount of 671,818 thousands of MKD.

These deferred income is amortized as income over the life of the depreciable assets commencing from date of their activation and put into use (01.01.2008). The annual amount of deferred income is in amount of 22,852 thousands of MKD.

Grant from EIB is grant for technical assistance for the implementation of Project for construction of Corridor 10 (Demir Kapija - Smokvica road). These assets are aimed for consulting services to SAFEGE (Consulting Engineers Belgium) for implementation of project for construction of Corridor 10 (Demir Kapija - Smokvica road) in amount of 150,587 thousands of MKD. These deferred income should be amortized commencing from the date of road activation.

24. LONG-TERM INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS

a) Type analysis

Bank or creditor	Currency	Principal outstanding 31.12.2018 in currency	Exchange rate 31.12.2018 MKD	Interest rate %	terms and period of repayment	Principal outstanding 31.12.2018 MKD (000)	Principal outstanding 31.12.2017 MKD (000)
EIB I	EUR	-	61.4950	2.5 % p/y	30 semiannually installments 15/10/2003 - 15/04/2018	-	144,064
EIB II	EUR	19,274,922	61.4950	3.62 % p/y	36 semiannually installments 15/11/2006 - 15/05/2024	1,185,311	1,400,725
EBRD	EUR	-	61.4950	Libor +1	21 semiannually installments 20/09/2007 - 20/03/2018	-	111,801
IBRD 4859 MK	EUR	6,712,644	61.4950	Libor	24 semiannually installments 15/12/2012 - 15/06/2024	412,794	487,813
IBRD 7532 MK	EUR	45,486,493	61.4950	Libor	30 semiannually installments 15/09/2013 - 15/03/2028	2,797,192	3,090,973
EBRD	EUR	24,470,640	61.4950	Libor +1	22 semiannually installments 05/12/2012 - 05/06/2023	1,504,822	1,839,098
The Export-Import Bank of China (Miladinovci - Stip)	USD	182,911,924	53.6887	2 % p/y	60 months grace period and 180 months repayment period	9,820,303	8,072,584
The Export-Import Bank				0.04	60 months grace period and 180 months	.=	40.000.500
of China (Kicevo - Ohrid)	USD	287,666,643	53.6887	2 % p/y	repayment period	15,444,448	12,869,560
IBRD 8420 MK	EUR	34,921,630	61.4950	Libor	32 semiannually installments 15/10/2020 - 15/10/2036	2,147,506	1,843,413
EBRD 41981 - Project corridor >	K EUR	6,649,621	61.4950	Libor +1	22 semiannually installments 20.10.2015-20.04.2026	408,918	293,540
EBRD 47955 - National roads	EUD	20.007.000	C4 40F0	Libanid	48 months grace period and 132 months	4 700 077	4 000 700
Program	EUR	28,667,000	61.4950	Libor +1	repayment period 20.02.2019 - 20.08.2029 35 months grace period from 31.12.2020	1,762,877	1,226,739
IBRD 8525 MK	EUR	13,479,689	61.4950	Libor	and 40 semi anual repayment period 15.11.2023-15.05.2043	828,933	12,759
EBRD 47829	EUR	10,640,000	61.4950	Libor +1	23 semiannually installments 20/03/2020 - 20/03/2031	654,307	-
Total foreign currency borrow	•					36,967,412	31,393,071
Minus: Current portion of long-te		rrency borrowings				(1,964,342)	(1,307,441)
Total net foreign currency bor	rowings					35,003,070	30,085,630
Total long - term interest bear	ing borrowin	gs				35,003,070	30,085,630

24. LONG-TERM INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS (Continued)

b) Changes during the year	2018 MKD (000)	2017 MKD (000)
Balance as at 1 January New borrowings Repayment of principal of foreign borrowings Losses (Gains) on exchange, net Unused funds - repayment	31,393,071 5,851,109 (1,320,894) 1,044,126	29,550,197 5,775,657 (1,460,363) (2,472,419)
Balance as at 31 December	36,967,412	31,393,072
c) Maturity of borrowings	2018 MKD (000)	2017 MKD (000)
In period of 1 year In period of 1 to 3 years Over 3 years Total	1,964,342 3,991,847 31,011,223 36,967,412	1,307,441 3,553,513 26,532,117 31,393,071

25. EQUITY

As at 31 December 2018, the total equity of the Enterprise is in amount of 5,000 thousands of MKD and it is consist of cash share. Owner of the Enterprise is the Government of the Republic of Macedonia. The assets for the basic capital arise from the cash on the bank accounts of the Agency for state roads which were balance on the opening date of the Enterprise account. The capital is registered in the Central Registry of the Republic of Macedonia.

26. COMMITMENTS FROM LOAN AGREEMENTS

According to the concluded loan agreements with IBRD and EBRD, the Company is obliged to adhere to certain financial covenants during the whole period of Project realization, such as:

a) debt service coverage ratio - not less than 1.0

Debt service coverage ratio Means the ratio of (i) net Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for the 12 months preceding the date of calculation plus all interest charged on accrual basis during such period, minus those Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for such period which are applied during that period to acquiring long-term assets except to the extent financed by the Guarantor, to (ii) the sum of the principal repayment and all interest charged on an accruals basis on all Financial Debt during such period.

26. COMMITMENTS FROM LOAN AGREEMENTS (Continued)

	2018	2017
Net Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities	4,839,040	4,343,044
Plus all interest charged on accrual basis	61,484	81,765
Minus Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for such		
period which are applied during that period to acquiring long-term		
assets	(8,899,244)	(8,127,751)
Plus Cash Flows Arising From Operating Activities for such period		
which are applied during that period to acquiring long-term assets		
financed by the Guarantor	5,851,109	5,775,657
Total	1,852,389	2,072,715
Sum of the principal repayment during such period	1,320,894	1,460,363
Sum of all interest charged on an accruals basis on all Financial		
Debt during such period	61,484	81,765
Total	1,382,378	1,542,128
Debt service coverage ratio (DSCR)	1.3	1.3

b) Estimated net revenues / estimated debt service ratio - not less than 1.2

Estimated net revenues / estimated debt service ratio means the ratio of (i) net revenues as a difference between revenues from all sources related to operations plus non-operating income and all expenses related to operations, excluding depreciation, non cash operating charges and interest on debt to (ii) the aggregate amounts of repayments of, and interest and other charges, on debt.

	2018	2017
Revenues from all sources	7,030,648	6,415,543
Plus non-operating income	48,853	48,033
Minus all expenses related to operations, excluding depreciation,		
non cash operating charges and interest	(1,760,835)	(1,746,458)
Total	5,318,666	4,717,118
Sum of the principal repayment during such period	1,320,894	1,460,363
Sum of all interest charged on an accruals basis on all Financial		
Debt during such period	61,484	81,765
Total	1,382,378	1,542,128
Estimated net revenues / estimated debt service ratio	3.8	3.1

c) current ratio - not less than 1

Current ratio means the ratio of (i) current assets including estimated net revenues for the next year to (ii) the current liabilities.

	2018	2017
Current assets	3,404,091	2,621,229
Estimated net revenues for next year	5,055,500	4,860,000
Total	8,459,591	7,481,229
Current liabilities	6,144,111	3,897,894
Current ratio	1.4	1.9

27. CONTINGENCIES AND PROVISIONS

The contingencies are recorded and shown in the financial statements only if a probability for future outflows of funds that include economic benefits and a possibility for reasonable estimate of the amount exist. Provisions are liabilities with uncertain time and amount. Provisions are recognized as liabilities, while contingencies are only disclosed.

a) Court procedures (contingencies)

The Enterprise is involved in routine legal proceedings with its clients. The list of court procedures against the Enterprise are as follows:

Basis:	2018 (000) MKD
Debts	66,740
Expropriation of land	39,997
Claims for damages	84,015
Other	1,622
Total	192,374

Above mentioned amounts do not include interest.

b) Provisions

During 2018, the Enterprise has made provision for court litigations in balance sheet in amount of 17,035 thousands of MKD, an amount of 27,530 thousands of MKD in income statement, an amount of 7,090 thousands of MKD is paid, and released in amount of 32,997 thousands of MKD or balance of 136,918 thousands of MKD at 31 December. During 2017, an amount of 7,278 thousands of MKD was paid from the provision for court litigations, and the balance of the provisions at the end of the year is 132,441 thousands of MKD.

28. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

There were no materially significant events after the balance sheet date that should be disclosed in the financial statements.